Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Report and financial statements 31 December 2011 and 2010

Report of Independent Auditor

To the Shareholders of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited

I have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the separate financial statements of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited for the same periods. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Bank and its subsidiary as to their correctness and the completeness of the presentation. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audits.

I conducted my audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. I believe that my audits provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary and of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Without qualifying my opinion on the aforementioned financial statements, I draw attention to Note 3 to the financial statements that during the current year, the Bank and its subsidiary adopted a number of revised and new accounting standards as issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions, and applied them in their preparation and presentation of these financial statements.

Rungnapa Lertsuwankul Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 3516

Ernst & Young Office Limited Bangkok: 16 March 2012

Statements of financial position

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010

				(Onit. Thousand Bant)	
		Consolidated final	Consolidated financial statements		ial statements
	Notes	2011	2010	2011	2010
Assets					
Cash		289,865	272,817	289,369	272,364
Interbank and money market items - net	7	9,741,811	4,567,309	9,681,032	4,502,972
Derivative assets	8	403,884	1,184,159	403,884	1,184,159
Investments - net	9	11,428,643	10,452,454	11,428,643	10,452,454
Investments in a subsidiary and an associate - net	10, 11	336,816	290,296	3,540,920	2,755,170
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net	13				
Loans to customers		72,334,970	57,818,612	63,343,799	51,039,688
Accrued interest receivables		140,539	112,650	147,027	116,260
Total loans to customers and accrued interest receivables		72,475,509	57,931,262	63,490,826	51,155,948
Less: Deferred revenue		(4,782,912)	(3,114,614)	(1,295)	(1,106)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	14.1	(1,196,682)	(1,003,796)	(824,401)	(704,507)
Allowance for revaluation on debt restructuring	14.2	(12,386)	(11,725)	(12,386)	(11,725)
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net		66,483,529	53,801,127	62,652,744	50,438,610
Properties foreclosed - net	15	1,198,139	1,214,853	1,164,977	1,206,836
Premises and equipments - net	16	171,200	196,274	143,663	171,465
Intangible assets - net	17	89,998	130,992	76,296	119,021
Leasehold rights - net		197,062	207,714	197,062	207,714
Accrued income - net		113,400	78,244	102,895	71,087
Receivables on credit support for derivative contracts		64,572	465,638	64,572	465,638
Other receivables - net		246,119	465,045	173,931	333,223
Other assets	18	24,076	44,999	18,389	40,353
Total assets		90,789,114	73,371,921	89,938,377	72,221,066

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Statements of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010

		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	Notes	2011	2010	2011	2010
Liabilities and shareholders' equity					
Deposits	20	20,832,339	27,017,194	20,833,789	27,019,899
Interbank and money market items	21	1,491,510	1,788,852	1,491,510	1,288,852
Liabilities payable on demand		29,230	252,976	29,230	252,976
Derivative liabilities	8	671,593	1,056,405	671,593	1,056,405
Debts issued and borrowings	22	51,451,656	27,786,141	51,451,656	27,786,141
Provisions for post-employment benefits	23.1	113,130	-	94,671	-
Provisions for other liabilities	23.2, 40.2	326,050	99,650	326,050	99,650
Accrued interest payables		421,714	187,143	421,714	187,070
Payables on credit support for derivative contracts		-	446,842		446,842
Other liabilities	24	1,090,294	968,807	530,075	465,094
Total liabilities		76,427,516	59,604,010	75,850,288	58,602,929
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	25				
Registered					
451,081 non-cumulative dividend preferrence shares of Baht 10 ea	ch				
(31 December 2010: 2,733,641 shares of Baht 10 each)		4,511	27,336	4,511	27,336
1,590,001,864 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each					
(31 December 2010: 1,587,719,304 shares of Baht 10 each)		15,900,018	15,877,193	15,900,018	15,877,193
Issued and fully paid					
451,081 non-cumulative dividend preferrence shares of Baht 10 ea	ch				
(31 December 2010: 464,332 shares of Baht 10 each)		4,511	4,643	4,511	4,643
1,590,001,864 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each					
(31 December 2010: 1,589,988,613 shares of Baht 10 each)		15,900,018	15,899,886	15,900,018	15,899,886
Other component of shareholders' equity					
- Revaluation surplus on investments	26	155,770	164,577	155,770	164,577
Deficit		(1,698,701)	(2,301,195)	(1,972,210)	(2,450,969)
Equity attributable to the Bank's shareholders		14,361,598	13,767,911	14,088,089	13,618,137
Non-controlling interest of a subsidiary		-	-		-
Total shareholders' equity		14,361,598	13,767,911	14,088,089	13,618,137
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		90,789,114	73,371,921	89,938,377	72,221,066
		-	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Mr.Wencong Li Senior Executive Vice President Mr.Guohui Song Senior Executive Vice President

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Statements of comprehensive income

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

,				(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
		Consolidated finan	ncial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	Notes	2011	2010	2011	2010
laterat income	20	4 504 200	0.000.107	0 500 000	0.410.057
Interest income	29	4,524,300	2,983,187	3,539,238	2,412,857
Interest expenses	30	(1,809,547)	(890,841)	(1,784,792)	(865,191)
Net interest income		2,714,753	2,092,346	1,754,446	1,547,666
Fees and service income	31	232,477	145,082	39,425	45,443
Fees and service expenses	31		(2,860)		-
Net fees and service income		232,477	142,222	39,425	45,443
Gains on tradings and foreign exchange transactions	32	9,337	13,339	9,337	13,339
Gains on investments	33	7,100	27,743	7,100	27,743
Share of profit from investment under equity method	11.1	20,250	32,404	-	-
Gains on disposals of properties foreclosed and other assets		160,085	42,405	149,712	36,605
Gain on disposal of non-performing loans	13.7	29,288	-	29,288	-
Bad debts recovery		323,011	209,067	304,486	196,355
Other operating income		59,704	58,701	33,773	44,172
Total operating income		3,556,005	2,618,227	2,327,567	1,911,323
Other operating expenses					
Personnel expenses		885,574	722,367	594,218	506,931
Directors' remuneration	35	4,525	7,782	3,925	7,182
Premises and equipment expenses		147,752	143,153	115,072	116,935
Amortisation expense on intangible assets		48,167	47,160	44,437	44,578
Taxes and duties		144,806	99,250	117,625	77,511
Fees and service expenses		55,671	35,193	26,695	22,292
Losses on impairment of properties foreclosed		66,198	(1,243)	6,067	(26,261)
and other assets (reversal)					
Loss on unwinding of cross currency interest rate swap contracts	42.5	-	31,077	-	31,077
Provisions for liabilities		4,850	5,500	4,850	5,500
Others		142,861	119,314	78,074	87,698
Total other operating expenses		1,500,404	1,209,553	990,963	873,443
Bad debts, doubtful accounts and impairment losses	36	948,377	624,433	542,411	443,186
Profit from operation before income taxes		1,107,224	784,241	794,193	594,694
Income taxes	37	(412,537)	(230,736)	(235,434)	(161,167)
Profit for the years		694,687	553,505	558,759	433,527
Other comprehensive income					
Gains (losses) on valuation of available-for-sale investments		(8,807)	90,911	(8,807)	90,911
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(8,807)	90,911	(8,807)	90,911
Total comprehensive income		685,880	644,416	549,952	524,438
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Statements of comprehensive income (continued)

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

				(Unit: 1	housand Baht)
		Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financia	al statements
	Notes	2011	2010	2011	2010
Profit for the years attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank		694,687	553,505	558,759	433,527
Non-controlling interest of a subsidiary		-	-		
		694,687	553,505		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank		685,880	644,416	549,952	524,438
Non-controlling interest of a subsidiary		-	-		
		685,880	644,416		
Earnings per share of equity holders of the Bank	38				
Basic earning per share (Baht per share)		0.44	0.35	0.35	0.27

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Mr.Wencong Li

Senior Executive Vice President

Mr.Guohui Song

Senior Executive Vice President

Statements of cash flows

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

			(Unit: T	Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financia	al statements
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit from operation before income tax	1,107,224	784,241	794,193	594,694
Adjustments to reconcile profit from operation before income taxes to net cash				
provided by (paid from) operating activities:				
Share of profit from investment under equity method	(20,250)	(32,404)	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	108,602	112,239	96,458	101,983
Bad debts, doubtful accounts and impairment losses	948,377	624,433	542,411	443,186
Gains on disposals of equipment	(3,859)	(2,141)	(3,884)	(1,989)
Gains on disposals of properties foreclosed	(156,226)	(42,016)	(145,828)	(36,368)
Losses on write-off of fixed assets	2,348	-	1,905	-
Losses on impairment of properties foreclosed and				
other assets (reversal)	64,360	(1,243)	4,214	(26,261)
Gains on investments	(7,100)	(27,743)	(7,100)	(27,743)
Gains on tradings and foreign exchange transactions	(9,337)	(13,339)	(9,337)	(13,339)
Losses on unwinding of cross currency interest rate swap contracts	-	31,077	-	31,077
Provisions for post-employment benefits	19,917	-	13,652	-
Provisions for other liabilities	4,850	5,500	4,850	5,500
Other income from revaluation of other receivables	(4,254)	(6,209)	(4,254)	(6,209)
Fees receivable	(3,348)	-	-	-
Decrease in expenses as a result of transferring receivables under				
Legal Execution Department	(1,143)	(975)	(1,143)	(975)
Increase (decrease) in other accrued expenses	26,934	(15,376)	6,211	(38,339)
Net interest income	(2,714,753)	(2,092,346)	(1,754,446)	(1,547,666)
Dividend income	(7,136)	(25,701)	(16,616)	(27,281)
Cash received on interest income	4,015,514	2,651,408	3,027,811	2,079,678
Cash paid on interest expenses	(585,202)	(477,024)	(560,446)	(451,317)
Cash received on dividend income	7,136	25,701	7,136	25,701
Cash paid on income taxes	(317,289)	(124,637)	(195,889)	(76,646)
Income from operating activities before changes in operating				
assets and liabilities	2,475,365	1,373,445	1,799,898	1,027,686
(Increase) decrease in operating assets				
Interbank and money market items	(5,160,523)	1,915,707	(5,164,083)	1,885,558
Derivative assets	1,211,657	(557,686)	1,211,657	(557,686)
Short-term investments	9,268	6,056	9,268	6,056
Loans to customers	(14,206,655)	(7,934,030)	(12,924,829)	(5,946,493)
Properties foreclosed	628,735	266,479	304,869	117,941
Receivables on credit support for derivative contracts	401,066	(405,176)	401,066	(405,176)
Other receivables	341,238	(54,321)	272,524	31,725
Other assets	16,959	(4,993)	21,067	(3,859)

Statements of cash flows (continued)

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

	Consolidated finan	·	Separate financia	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities				
Deposits	(6,184,854)	(3,388,447)	(6,186,110)	(3,391,304)
Interbank and money market items	(297,343)	239,213	202,657	258,080
Liabilities payable on demand	(223,746)	(121,754)	(223,746)	(121,754)
Derivative liabilities	(809,504)	381,413	(809,504)	381,413
Payables on credit support for derivative contracts	(446,842)	425,152	(446,842)	425,152
Other liabilities	3,499	148,090	22,493	51,267
Net cash used in operating activities	(22,241,680)	(7,710,852)	(21,509,615)	(6,241,394)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Cash paid for investment in a subsidiary	-	-	(750,000)	-
Cash paid for investment in an associate	(35,750)	-	(35,750)	-
Increase in long-term investments	(749,024)	(984,753)	(749,024)	(2,484,753)
Cash received on interest income on investments	392,099	313,623	392,099	320,780
Cash received on dividend income from on associate	9,480	1,580	9,480	1,580
Cash received on disposals of equipment	4,004	1,435	3,972	340
Cash paid for purchases of equipment	(26,929)	(32,911)	(16,052)	(15,977)
Cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets	(6,974)	(8,720)	(1,712)	(2,597)
Net cash used in investing activities	(413,094)	(709,746)	(1,146,987)	(2,180,627)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Cash received on long-term debts issued and borrowings	519,443,406	8,675,403	519,443,406	8,675,403
Cash paid on repayments of long-term debts issued and borrowings	(495,777,891)	-	(495,777,891)	-
Cash paid on interest expense on borrowings	(989,775)	(283,954)	(989,702)	(283,954)
Cash paid for liabilities under lease agreements	(3,918)	(2,808)	(2,206)	(1,466)
Net cash provided by financing activities	22,671,822	8,388,641	22,673,607	8,389,983
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	17,048	(31,957)	17,005	(32,038)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the years	272,817	304,774	272,364	304,402
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the years	289,865	272,817	289,369	272,364

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(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements						
		Equity attributable to the Bank's shareholders					
		Other component in			Equity attributable		
			shareholders' equity		Total equity	to non-controlling	
	Issued and paid-	-up share capital	- Revaluation surplus		attributable to the	interests	
	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	on investments	Deficit	Bank's shareholders	of a subsidiary	Total
Balance as at 31 December 2009	27,874	15,876,655	73,666	(2,854,700)	13,123,495	-	13,123,495
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	90,911	553,505	644,416	-	644,416
Conversion of preference shares to ordinary shares	(23,231)	23,231	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2010	4,643	15,899,886	164,577	(2,301,195)	13,767,911		13,767,911
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2010	4,643	15,899,886	164,577	(2,301,195)	13,767,911	-	13,767,911
Conversion of preference shares to ordinary shares	(132)	132	-	-	-	-	-
Cumulative effect of the change in accounting policy regarding							
employee benefit (Note 3)	-	-	-	(92,193)	(92,193)	-	(92,193)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	(8,807)	694,687	685,880	-	685,880
Balance as at 31 December 2011	4,511	15,900,018	155,770	(1,698,701)	14,361,598		14,361,598
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity (continuted)

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements					
			Other component in			
			shareholders' equity			
	Issued and paid-	up share capital	- Revaluation surplus			
	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	on investments	Deficit	Total	
Balance as at 31 December 2009	27,874	15,876,655	73,666	(2,884,496)	13,093,699	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	90,911	433,527	524,438	
Conversion of preference shares to ordinary shares	(23,231)	23,231	-	-	-	
Balance as at 31 December 2010	4,643	15,899,886	164,577	(2,450,969)	13,618,137	
Balance as at 31 December 2010	- 4,643	- 15,899,886	- 164,577	- (2,450,969)	- 13,618,137	
Conversion of preference shares to ordinary shares	(132)	132	-	-	-	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting policy regarding						
employee benefit (Note 3)	-	-	-	(80,000)	(80,000)	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	-	-	(8,807)	558,759	549,952	
Balance as at 31 December 2011	4,511	15,900,018	155,770	(1,972,210)	14,088,089	
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Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Table of contents for notes to financial statements For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

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Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary Notes to financial statements

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010

1. The Bank's general information

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited was registered to be a publicly limited company under Thai laws on 15 April 1993 and it has been licensed by the Ministry of Finance on 21 December 2005 to operate commercial banking business in Thailand. Its registered address is at No. 622, Sukhumvit Road, Klongton Sub-district, Klongtoey District, Bangkok. As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank has altogether 19 branches including a head office.

On 21 April 2010, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, who made the tender offer to buy all shares of the Bank, reported the result of its tender offer for securities of the Bank to the Secretary of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and made full payment for its purchase of shares. It purchased all 1,546,568,601 shares being offered for sale in response to the tender offer or equivalent to 97.24 percent of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Bank.

Later on 25 June 2010, the Bank's Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders No. 1/2010 resolved to approve the change of the Bank's name from ACL Bank Public Company Limited to Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited. The change was registered with Department of Business Development, the Ministry of Commerce on 8 July 2010. In addition, the meeting also resolved to approve the voluntary delisting of the Bank's shares from the Stock Exchange of Thailand since following completion of the tender offer in April 2010, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited had held 97.24% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Bank and was thus duty-bound to comply with the conditions stated in the tender offer. Moreover, because of such shareholding of the Bank of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, the Bank would not be able to meet the listing requirement of the Stock Exchange of Thailand that a listed company must maintain not less than 150 minority ordinary shareholders with an aggregate shareholding of not less than 15% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the source Exchange of Thailand the Bank.

Hence, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited made a tender offer in order to delist the Bank's shares from Stock Exchange of Thailand, with the offer period running from 28 December 2010 until 3 March 2011. On 8 March 2011, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited reported to the Secretary of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission that the results of its tender offer were that it had purchased 7,350,381 shares being offered for sale, or equivalent to 0.46% of the issued and paid-up share capital. The total shares of the Bank held by Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited is 1,553,918,982 shares, or equivalent to 97.70% of the issued and paid-up share capital. The Bank applied to delist its 1,590,452,945 shares, comprised 1,590,001,864 ordinary shares and 451,081 preferred shares, from the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the SET's Board of Governovs ordered the shares of the Bank to be delisted from the Stock Exchange of Thailand with effective date on 19 March 2011.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited is the major shareholder of the Bank, holding 97.70% and 97.24% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Bank, respectively.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank has only one subsidiary, which has been established as a limited company under Thai laws, and operating its businesses in Thailand and has a core business in leasing and hire purchase businesses.

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting standards enunciated under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547 and the presentation of the financial statements has been made in compliance with the Bank of Thailand's notification No. Sor Nor Sor. 11/2553 regarding "Preparation and Announcement of Financial statements of Commercial Banks and Parent Companies of Financial Holding Groups", dated 3 December 2010, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2011. Hence, the Bank and its subsidiary reclassified certain items of the comparative financial statements as described in Note 43 to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements regarding significant accounting policies.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Bank. The financial statements in English language have been translated from these Thai language financial statements.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

(a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Thai) Public Company Limited and its subsidiary as follows:

			Percentage	e of shares
			held by t	he Bank
	Type of	Country of	as at 31 [December
Company's name	business	incorporation	2011	2010
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	Hire purchase	Thailand	99.99	99.99
(Formerly known as "Leasing Sinn				
Asia Company Limited")				

- (b) Subsidiary is fully consolidated as from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Bank obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- (c) The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Bank, except that the subsidiary calculates depreciation of motor vehicles using the sum-of-the-year's-digits method. However, the effect of the use of a different method of depreciation for motor vehicles is not significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.
- (d) Material balances and transactions between the Bank and its subsidiary have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- (e) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of a subsidiary that is not held by the Bank and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position.

2.3 Separate financial statements

The separate financial statements, which present investment in a subsidiary and an associated company under the cost method, have been prepared solely for the benefit of the public.

3. Adoption of revised and newly issued accounting standards during the year

During the current year, the Bank and its subsidiary adopted a number of revised and new accounting standards, issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions, as listed below.

Accounting standards:

TAS 1 (revised 2009)	Presentation of Financial Statements
TAS 2 (revised 2009)	Inventories
TAS 7 (revised 2009)	Statement of Cash Flows
TAS 8 (revised 2009)	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and
	Errors
TAS 10 (revised 2009)	Events after the Reporting Period
TAS 11 (revised 2009)	Construction Contracts
TAS 16 (revised 2009)	Property, Plant and Equipment
TAS 17 (revised 2009)	Leases
TAS 18 (revised 2009)	Revenue
TAS 19	Employee Benefits
TAS 23 (revised 2009)	Borrowing Costs
TAS 24 (revised 2009)	Related Party Disclosures
TAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans
TAS 27 (revised 2009)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
TAS 28 (revised 2009)	Investments in Associates
TAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
TAS 31 (revised 2009)	Interests in Joint Ventures
TAS 33 (revised 2009)	Earnings per Share
TAS 34 (revised 2009)	Interim Financial Reporting
TAS 36 (revised 2009)	Impairment of Assets
TAS 37 (revised 2009)	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
TAS 38 (revised 2009)	Intangible Assets
TAS 40 (revised 2009)	Investment Property

Financial reporting standards:

TFRS 2	Share-Based Payment
TFRS 3 (revised 2009)	Business Combinations
TFRS 5 (revised 2009)	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued
	Operations
TFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

Financial Reporting Standard Interpretations:

TFRIC 15Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate

Accounting Standard Interpretations:

SIC 31 Revenue-Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services

These accounting standards do not have any significant impact on these financial statements, except for the following accounting standard.

TAS 19 Employee Benefits

This accounting standard requires employee benefits to be recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is performed by the employee. In particular, an entity has to evaluate and make a provision for post-employment retirement benefits using actuarial techniques. The Bank and its subsidiary previously accounted for such employee benefits when they were incurred.

Hence, the Bank and its subsidiary have changed this accounting policy in the current year and recognised the liability in the transition period through an adjustment to the beginning balance of retained earnings in the current year. This resulted in the decrease in the retained earnings brought forward as at 1 January 2011 in the consolidated and separate financial statements by Baht 92 million and Baht 80 million, respectively. The cumulative effect of such changes in the accounting policy has already been presented under the heading of "Cumulative effect of the change in accounting policy regarding employee benefits" in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

In addition, the change in this accounting policy also has the effect of decreasing profit for the year (excluding other comprehensive income (loss)) in the consolidated and separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 by Baht 21 million, or 0.01 Baht per share and Baht 14 million, or 0.01 Baht per share, respectively.

4. New accounting standards issued during the years not yet effective

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued the following new/revised accounting standards that are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

Accounting standards:

TAS 12	Income Taxes						
TAS 20 (revised 2009)	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of						
Government Assistance							
TAS 21 (revised 2009)	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates						
Accounting Standard Interpretations:							
SIC 10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities						
SIC 21	Income Taxes - Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets						
SIC 25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders						

The Bank's and its subsidiary's management has assessed and believes that these accounting standards will not have any significant impact on the financial statements for the year when they are initially applied, except for the following accounting standard which the management expects the significant impact on the financial statements for the year when it is adopted.

TAS 12 Income Taxes

This accounting standard requires an entity to identify temporary differences, which are differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the accounting records and its tax base, and to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities under the stipulated guidelines.

At present, the management is evaluating the impact which may have, on the financial statements in the year when this standard is adopted.

5. Significant accounting policies

5.1 Revenue recognition

(a) Interest and discounts on loans

Interest on loans is recognised as revenue on an accrual basis over the term of the loans based on the amount of principal outstanding. For loans on which principal and/or interest payments have been defaulted for more than three months from the due dates, the Bank and its subsidiary cease accrual of interest income and reverse the interest previously accrued as revenue from its accounts. Interest is then recognised as revenue on a cash basis until settlement of such overdue balance has been received from the debtors.

The Bank recognises interest income on restructured loans on the same accrual basis used for loans discussed above with reference to interest rates stipulated in the agreements (excluding interest charged and suspended for payment in the future), with the exception of restructured loans that are subject to monitoring for compliance with restructuring conditions, interest income on which is to be recognised on a cash basis until the borrower has been able to comply with the restructuring conditions for a period of not less than three consecutive months or three consecutive installments, whichever is longer.

Interest or discounts, which are already included in the face value of notes receivable or loans, are recorded as deferred interest and taken up as revenue evenly throughout the term of the notes or loans.

(b) Hire purchase income

Hire purchase income is recognised as revenue, using the effective interest rate method, over the period of the contracts. For hire purchase receivables on which installments have been defaulted and overdued for more than three months from the due dates, the subsidiary cease accrual of revenue and reverse the revenue previously accrued from its accounts. Interest is then recognised as revenue on a cash basis until settlement of such overdue balance has been received from the debtors.

(c) Finance lease income

Finance lease income is recognised as revenue, using the effective interest rate method, over the period of the contracts. For finance lease receivables on which installments have been defaulted and overdue for more than three months from the due dates, the subsidiary ceases accrual of revenue and reverse the revenue previously accrued from its accounts. Interest is then recognised as revenue on a cash basis until settlement of such overdue balance has been received from the debtors.

(d) Interest and dividends on investments

Interest on investments is recognised as revenue on an accrual basis based on the effective rate method. Dividends from securities are recognised as revenue when the right to receive the dividends is established.

(e) Gains (losses) on investments

Gains (losses) on investments are recognised as revenue/expenses on the transaction dates.

(f) Gains (losses) on derivatives trading

Gains (losses) on derivatives trading are recognised as revenue/expenses on the transaction dates.

(g) Fees and service income

Fees are recognised as revenue on an accrual basis and service income is recognised as revenue when services are rendered taking into account the stage of completion.

5.2 Expense recognition

(a) Interest expenses

Interest expenses are recognised as expense on an accrual basis. The subsidiary recorded the financial fees related to borrowings typically incurred on or before signing of facility agreements and before actual drawdown of the loans as deferred financial expenses and amortised using the effective interest rate method over the term of the loans. The amortisation of deferred financial fees is included in determining borrowing costs.

(b) Commissions and direct expenses from the hire purchase business

Commissions and initial direct expenses at the inception of a hire-purchase contract are deferred and to be amortised as expenses throughout the contract period, using the effective interest rate method, with the amortisation deducted from interest income.

5.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, cheques and cheques in transit.

5.4 Securities purchased under resale agreements/Securities sold under repurchase agreements

The Bank enters into agreements to purchase securities or to sell securities that include agreements to sell or purchase the securities back at certain dates in the future at fixed prices. Amounts paid for securities purchased subject to resale commitments are presented as assets under the caption of "Interbank and money market items" in the statements of financial position, and the underlying securities are treated as collateral to the receivables. Securities sold subject to repurchase commitments are presented as liabilities under the caption of "Interbank and money market items" in the statements of financial position, at the amounts received from the sale of those securities, and the underlying securities are treated as collateral.

Differences between the purchase and sale considerations are recognised as interest income or expenses over the transaction periods.

5.5 Investments in securities

- (a) Investments held for trading are stated at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these investments are recorded in profit or loss from operation.
- (b) Available-for-sale investments are stated at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these investments are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) and will be recorded in profit or loss from operation when the investments are sold.
- (c) Investments in held-to-maturity debt securities are recorded at amortised cost less allowance for impairment loss (if any). The premium/discount on debt securities is amortised/accreted by the effective interest rate method with the amortised/accreted amount presented as an adjustment to the interest income.
- (d) Investments in non-marketable equity securities, which the Bank classifies as general investments, are stated at cost less allowance for impairment loss (if any).

Purchases and sales of investments in equity securities are recognised on the trade dates, while purchases and sales of investments in debt securities are recognised on the settlement dates.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount, together with the associated cumulative gain or loss that was previousty reported in shareholders' equity, is recognised as income or expense in profit or loss from operation. If the Bank dispose of a part of its holding in a particular investment, the deemed cost of the part sold is determined using the weighted average method.

Losses on impairment of investments are recognised as expenses in profit or loss from operation.

In the event the Bank reclassifies investments from one type to another, such investments will be readjusted to their fair value as at the reclassification dates. The difference between the carrying amount of the investments and the fair value on the date of reclassification are recorded in profit or loss from operation or recorded as revaluation surplus (deficit) on investments in shareholders' equity, depending on the type of investment that is reclassified.

Fair values of securities

For government securities and state enterprise securities, fair values are calculated by using the Bank of Thailand formula, based on the yield curve of The Thai Bond Market Association or other financial institutions.

For private sector debt securities which can be freely traded on an open market or for which quoted market prices are readily available, the last trading price quoted by The Thai Bond Market Association is used as a fair value. In the absence of such price, fair value is determined applying the yield curve of The Thai Bond Market Association or other financial institutions, adjusted for an appropriate risk premium, in accordance with the criteria established by the Bank of Thailand. For private sector debt securities, which cannot be freely traded on an open market or for which a quoted market price is not readily available, the Bank uses the fair value that is determined by its counter-party.

The fair value of marketable equity securities is determined at the last bid price quoted on the last working day of the year of the Stock Exchange of Thailand

Fair value of investment units is determined using the net asset value announced on the reporting year-end dates.

5.6 Investments in a subsidiary and an associate

Separate financial statements

Investments in a subsidiary and an associate, recorded in the separate financial statements, are stated at cost net of allowance for impairment loss (if any). Losses on impairment are recorded as expenses in profit or loss from operation.

Consolidated financial statements

Investment in an associate, recorded in the consolidated financial statements, is recorded using the equity method. Under this method, investment is initially recorded at the acquisition cost and is adjusted to reflect the attributable share of the profit or loss from the operation of associate proportionately to its investment holding percentage and is reduced by the amount of dividend received.

If the Bank receives shares as a result of debt restructuring of a borrower, and as a result the Bank holds more than 50 percent or 20 percent of the paid-up share capital of such company, the Bank will not treat the investee company as a subsidiary or an associate, respectively, but will treat it as a general investment since the Bank intends to hold such investment temporarily. Such investment is stated at cost less allowance for impairment losses (if any).

5.7 Loans to customers

Loans to customers are presented at the principal balances, excluding accrued interest receivables, except for overdrafts which are presented at the principal balances plus accrued interest receivables. Deferred revenue and unearned discounts on loans to customers are deducted from the loans to customers balances.

Hire purchase receivables and finance lease receivables are stated at outstanding balances according to the hire-purchase and finance lease contracts net of outstanding balances of unearned income, which are presented net of deferred commission expenses and initial direct costs.

5.8 Allowance for doubtful accounts

(a) The Bank provides allowance for doubtful accounts in accordance with the BOT guidelines, using the minimum rates stipulated by the BOT, and provides additional amounts, in excess of the BOT minimum required rates, to cover those expected not to be collectible from debtors, based on its analysis and evaluation of the current status of the debtors, taking into accounts its experiences in consideration of credit risk and the value of the underlying collateral.

The Bank sets provision for "pass" loans (including restructured receivables) and "special-mention" loans at minimum rates of 1% and 2%, respectively, of the loan balances (excluding accrued interest receivables) after deducting collateral value, calculated in accordance with the BOT's guidelines. For non-performing loans, the Bank sets provision at a rate of 100% of the debt balance remaining after deducting the present value of expected future cash flows from debt collection or from collateral disposal, discounted using the discount rate and duration expected to be able to dispose the collateral as stipulated in the BOT's notifications.

(b) The subsidiary operating finance leasing and hire-purchase businesses provides an allowance for doubtful accounts with reference to number of months past due and provisioning rates as stipulated in the BOT's notifications.

Allowance for doubtful accounts is set for "pass" and "special-mention" loans at minimum rates of 1% and 2%, respectively, of the loan balances after deducting collateral value, calculated in accordance with the BOT's guidelines, and at 100% of the balances of non-performing loans after deducting the present value of expected future cash flows from collateral disposal, calculated in accordance with the BOT's guidelines.

At at the date of the statement of financial position, the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts is also reviewed taking into consideration past collection experience and the current status of receivables.

- (c) The Bank writes off bad debts in accordance with the BOT's guidelines and as approved by the Board of Executive Directors where by it will reverse the related allowance for doubtful accounts against the decrease in bad debts and doubtful accounts in profit or loss from operation. At the same time, the Bank writes off the balances of bad debts and charged them against bad delds and doubtful accounts as expenses in profit or loss from operation. All bad debts recovered are recognised as revenue in profit or loss from operation.
- (d) Allowance for doubtful debts additionally set up during the years is recognised as expense for the years.

5.9 Troubled debt restructuring

The Bank records troubled debt restructuring transactions with reference to criteria stipulated by the Bank of Thailand.

In cases where the troubled debt restructuring involves debt/asset swaps and/or debt/equity swaps, the Bank records assets and/or equity received in settlement of debts at their fair value less estimated selling expenses (if any) provided that it does not exceed the book value of outstanding principal and accrued interest receivables. Losses arising from the excess of the carrying value over the fair value of those assets and equity transferred are recognised as expense in profit or loss from operation, taking into account existing allowance for doubtful accounts.

In cases where the troubled debt restructuring involves modification of the repayment conditions, the Bank records losses arising from revaluation of the fair value of the debts after restructuring determined by the present value of expected cash flows to be received in accordance with new restructuring agreements, discounted by the Bank's minimum interest rates on loans to large customers. The lower of the then-determined present value and the carrying value is accounted for as allowance for revaluation on debt restructuring and recognised as expenses in profit or loss from operation in the period in which the debt is restructured. Such allowance is amortised and recognised as revenue in profit or loss from operation over the remainder of the restructuring periods or is reviewed by revaluing the net present value of expected cash flows to be received over the remaining period.

Losses arising from debt restructuring through waivers of principal and/or recorded accrued interest receivables are recognised as expenses in profit or loss from operation.

5.10 Properties foreclosed

Properties foreclosed are stated at the lower of cost at the acquisition date and net realisable value. Cost at the acquisition date of properties foreclosed is stated at their fair value but it is not to exceed the balance of principal and accrued interest receivables. Net realisable value is determined with reference to the appraisal value less estimated selling expenses.

Gains or losses on disposals of properties foreclosed are recorded as revenue or expenses in profit or loss from operation when significant risk and rewards have been transferred.

Impairment loss is recognised as expense in profit or loss from operation.

5.11 Premises and equipment and depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment (if any).

Depreciation of buildings and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs on a straight-line method (except for the depreciation of motor vehicles of a subsidiary, which is calculated by reference to their cost less residual value on the sum-of-the-years'-digits method) over the following estimated periods of useful lives.

Buildings	34 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	1 - 3, 5 and 10 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

No depreciation is determined for land.

Depreciation is recognised as expense in profit or loss from operation.

An item of premises and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss from operation when the asset is derecognised

5.12 Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and allowance for impairment loss (if any).

The Bank and its subsidiary amortise intangible assets with finite useful lives or with useful lives, which can be estimated on a systematic basis over their economic benefit lives and test for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation periods and the amortisation method of such intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. The amortisation amounts are recognised as expenses in profit or loss from operation.

Intangible assets of the Bank and its subsidiary with finite useful lives or with useful lives, which can be estimated on a systematic basis, are computer softwares and of which the estimated useful lives are 5 and 10 years.

5.13 Leasehold rights

Leasehold rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and allowance for impairment loss (if any). Leasehold rights are amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease period of 30 years and the amortisation amounts are recognised as expenses in profit or loss from operation.

5.14 Long-term leases

Leases of motor vehicles which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Bank and its subsidiary, as lessees, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets and the net present value of the minimum lease payments. The outstanding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are recorded as long-term liabilities, while the interest element is recorded as expense in profit or loss from operation over the lease period. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the useful lives of the assets and the lease periods.

Leases not transferring a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership to the leasee are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss from operation on a straight line basis over the lease term.

5.15 Sales of commercial papers

Commercial papers sold without recourse are recorded by crediting the "Notes receivable" account.

Commercial papers without an aval or acceptance and sold at a discount with recourse, are recorded as liabilities under the caption of "Liabilities from sale of commercial papers". Commercial papers with an aval or acceptance from other commercial banks or other financial institutions, sold at a discount with recourse, are recorded by crediting the "Notes receivable" account, and disclosed such commitment as a part of "Contingent liabilities".

5.16 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise enterprises and individuals that control, or are controlled by, the Bank and its subsidiary, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Bank and its subsidiary.

They also include associates and individuals which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Bank and its subsidiary that gives them significant influence over the Bank and its subsidiary, key management personnel, directors and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Bank's and its subsidiary's operations, together with closed family members of such persons and companies which are controlled or influenced by them, whether directly or indirectly.

5.17 Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Bank and its subsidiary perform impairment reviews in respect of the premises and equipment and other intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. the Bank and its subsidiary also carry out annual impairment reviews in respect of goodwill. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. In determining value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by a valuation model that, based on information available, reflects the amount that the Bank and its subsidiary could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised as expense in profit or loss from operation.

In the assessment of asset impairment, if there is any indication that previously recognised impairment loss may no longer exist or may have decreased, the Bank and its subsidiary estimate the asset's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss has been recognised. The increased carrying amount of the asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss from operation.

5.18 Employee benefits

Short-term employment benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Bank, its subsidiary and the employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Bank and its subsidiary. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Bank and its subsidiary's contributions are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans

The Bank and its subsidiary treat the severance payments they must make to employees upon retirement under labor law as a post-employment retirement benefit plan.

The obligation under such post-employment benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from post-employment benefits are recognised immediately in profit or loss from operation.

For the first-time adoption of TAS 19 Employee Benefits, the Bank and its subsidiary elected to recognise the transitional liability, which exceeds the liability that would have been recognised at the same date under the previous accounting policy, through an adjustment to the beginning balance of retained earnings in the current year.

5.19 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains or losses on exchange are recognised as income or expense in profit or loss from operation.

5.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Bank and its subsidiary have a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of such obligation can be made.

5.21 Income taxes

Income taxes are provided in the accounts based on the taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

5.22 Derivatives

The Bank has entered into off-balance sheet transactions involving derivatives in order to respond to clients' needs and to manage its own foreign exchange and interest rate risks. Obligations under derivative contracts are regarded as off-balance sheet items and measured according to the purpose of entering into those transactions as follows.

Trading Book

As at the end of reporting period, foreign exchange contracts are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from revaluation are recognised as income or expense in profit or loss from operation.

The fair values of foreign exchange contracts are determined, using the forward exchange rates at the end of reporting period for the contract periods remaining on those dates.

Banking Book (Not held for trading)

As at the end of reporting period, the Bank recognises foreign exchange contracts, interest rate swap contracts, and cross currency and interest rate swap contracts on an accrual basis as follows:

- (a) The currency exchange components are translated at the exchange rates ruling on the reporting year-end date, with unrealised gains or losses on translation are recognised as income or expense in profit or loss from operation. Premiums or discounts on contracts are amortised on a straight-line basis over the contract periods and recognised as income or expense in profit or loss from operation.
- (b) Interest rate swap components are recognised on an accrual basis, in the same manner as the hedged assets or liabilities. That is, interest income or interest expense is recognised over the term of the contract periods as income or expense in profit or loss from operation.

These measurement methods are in compliance with the principles stipulated by the Bank of Thailand's Notification No. 67/2551 dated 3 August 2008.

6. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles at times requires management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ. Significant judgments and estimates are as follows:

6.1 Recognition and derecognition of assets and liabilities

In considering whether to recognise or to derecognise assets or liabilities, the management is required to make judgment on whether risk and rewards of those assets and liabilities have been transferred, based on their best knowledge of the current events and arrangements.

6.2 Leases

In determining whether a lease is to be classified as an operating lease or finance lease, the management is required to use judgment regarding whether or not significant risk and rewards of ownership of the leased asset has been transferredto the Bank and its subsiding, taking into consideration terms and conditions of the arrangement.

6.3 Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts provided on loans to customers and accrued interest receivables are intended to adjust the value of loans and receivables for probable credit losses. The management follows the BOT's guidelines regarding the provision of allowance for doubtful debts, including the use of judgment to estimate losses expected to be incurred on loans and/or accrued interest receivables, taking into consideration an analysis of each debtor's status, payment history, collection experience from the debtor, the value of collateral and surrounding economic conditions. However, the use of different estimates and assumptions could affect the amounts of allowances for doubtful accounts and adjustments to the allowances may therefore be required in the future.

6.4 Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments that are not freely traded in an open market or for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the management exercises judgment in estimating the fair value of such financial instruments, using the generally accepted valuation method. The inputs used in such fair value calculation are comparable to those from the observable markets, taking into consideration of liquidity and correlation and long-term volatility of financial instruments

6.5 Allowance for impairment loss on investments in securities

The Bank considers available-for-sale investments and general investments as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgment of the management.

6.6 Allowance for impairment loss on properties foreclosed

The Bank and its subsidiary determine allowance for impairment loss on properties foreclosed when net realisable value of such assets falls below their carrying. The management uses the BOT's regulation judgment to estimate impairment losses, taking into consideration the latest appraisal values, types and characteristics of assets, the period of time for which to be recouped from disposals and changes in the economic conditions. However, the use of different estimates and assumptions could affect the amounts of allowance for impairment loss and adjustments to the allowances may therefore be required in the future.

6.7 Premises and equipment and Depreciation

In determining depreciation of premises and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of the Bank and its subsidiary's premises and equipment and to review estimated useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review premises and equipment for impairment loss on a periodical basis and record impairment loss (if any) in the period when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

6.8 Intangible assets

In consideration of allowance for impairment loss on intangible assets, it requires management to forecast cash flows that will be generated by the assets or the cash generating units, and to select a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows. In addition, in amortisating intangible assets, the management estimates the useful lives of those intangible assets that have finite useful lives and reviews these estimates whenever circumstances change.

6.9 Profit or loss sharing from management of non-performing assets

In calculation of profit or loss sharing from management of non-performing assets transferred to Thai Asset Management Corporation ("TAMC"), the Bank estimates the amounts expected to be recouped from debtors or the underlying collaterals or the guarantors for which management exercises judgment in determination of assumptions with respect to recovery rates on the outstanding debts under the debt restructuring agreements or collateral value. The management considers that the assumptions used are appropriate based on the availability of information to the Bank and current circumstances. The different assumptions used and the change in circumstances in the future may affect the estimated amount of loss sharing already recorded.

6.10 Provisions for post-employment benefits

Provisions for post-employment retirement benefits are determined, using actuarial techniques. The determination is made involving various assumptions, including discount rate, future salary increase rate, staff turnover rate and mortality rate, which are based on the management's knowledge of current events and arrangement. However, actual post-employment benefit payment may differ from the estimates.

6.11 Litigation

The Bank and its subsidiary have contingent liabilities as a result of litigation being made against them for claims of compensation. The management has used judgement to assess of the results of the litigation and recorded provisions for liabilities as at the reporting period-ended date. However, actual results could differ from the estimates.

7. Interbank and money market items (assets)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements					
	31 December 2011			31 December 2010		
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
Domestic items						
Bank of Thailand	218,721	-	218,721	200,768	200,000	400,768
Commercial banks	104,115	5,860,000	5,964,115	100,197	3,000,000	3,100,197
Specialised Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	900,000	900,000
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	40,000	40,000
Total	322,836	5,860,000	6,182,836	300,965	4,140,000	4,440,965
Add: Accrued interest receivables	4	3,201	3,205	3	265	268
Less: Allowance for doubtful						
accounts	-	-			(17,400)	(17,400)
Domestic items - net	322,840	5,863,201	6,186,041	300,968	4,122,865	4,423,833
Foreign items						
USD currency	40,147	204,408	244,555	12,231	119,098	131,329
AUD currency	1,139	-	1,139	1,536	-	1,536
Renminbi currency	1,643	3,294,076	3,295,719	2	4,946	4,948
Euro currency	1,516	14,868	16,384	2,323	-	2,323
Pound sterling currency	266	-	266	614	-	614
Other currencies	4,013	-	4,013	2,676		2,676
Total	48,724	3,513,352	3,562,076	19,382	124,044	143,426
Add: Accrued interest receivables	-	28,807	28,807	-	629	629
Less: Allowance for doubtful						
accounts	-	(35,113)	(35,113)		(579)	(579)
Foreign items - net	48,724	3,507,046	3,555,770	19,382	124,094	143,476
Total domestic and foreign						
items	371,564	9,370,247	9,741,811	320,350	4,246,959	4,567,309

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements						
		31 December 2011			31 December 2010		
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total	
Domestic items							
Bank of Thailand	218,721	-	218,721	200,768	200,000	400,768	
Commercial banks	43,340	5,860,000	5,903,340	35,861	3,000,000	3,035,861	
Specialised Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-	900,000	900,000	
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	40,000	40,000	
Total	262,061	5,860,000	6,122,061	236,629	4,140,000	4,376,629	
Add: Accrued interest receivables	-	3,201	3,201	2	265	267	
Less: Allowance for doubtful							
accounts				-	(17,400)	(17,400)	
Domestic items - net	262,061	5,863,201	6,125,262	236,631	4,122,865	4,359,496	
Foreign items							
USD currency	40,147	204,408	244,555	12,231	119,098	131,329	
AUD currency	1,139	-	1,139	1,536	-	1,536	
Renminbi currency	1,643	3,294,076	3,295,719	2	4,946	4,948	
Euro currency	1,516	14,868	16,384	2,323	-	2,323	
Pound sterling currency	266	-	266	614	-	614	
Other currencies	4,013	-	4,013	2,676	-	2,676	
Total	48,724	3,513,352	3,562,076	19,382	124,044	143,426	
Add: Accrued interest receivables	-	28,807	28,807	-	629	629	
Less Allowance for doubtful							
accounts		(35,113)	(35,113)	-	(579)	(579)	
Foreign items - net	48,724	3,507,046	3,555,770	19,382	124,094	143,476	
Total domestic and foreign							
items	310,785	9,370,247	9,681,032	256,013	4,246,959	4,502,972	

8. Derivatives

8.1 Trading book

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidated and separate financial statements							
		1 December 2011		31 December 2010					
	Fair value		Notional	Fair value		Notional			
	Assets	Liabilities	amount (1)	Assets	Liabilities	amount (1)			
Type of risk									
Currency	150,091	146,153	9,651,648	975,407	972,248	34,519,503			
Interest rate		-	-	<u> </u>	-	-			
Total	150,091	146,153	9,651,648	975,407	972,248	34,519,503			

 $^{\left(1\right) }$ Disclosed only in case that the Bank has the commitment on the payment side.

Below are the proportion of derivative trading transactions with counterparties, classified by types of counterparty, determined on the basis of the notional amount, as at 31 December 2011 and 2010.

	Consolidated and separate financial statements			
Counterparties	31 December 2011	31 December 2010		
Financial institutions	94.93%	95.77%		
Companies within Group	0.01%	0.09%		
Third parties	5.06%	4.14%		
Total	100.00%	100.00%		

8.2 Banking book (derivatives not entered for trading purpose)

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank has commitments under forward foreign exchange contracts, interest rate swap contracts and cross currency and interest rates swap contracts, which are measured based on an accrual basis. The gains or losses on exchange as a result of translation to the period-end rates under the accrual basis are recorded as a part of "Derivative assets" or "Derivative liabilities" in the statements of financial position and interest receivables or payables that are determined as they accrue based on the contracts as at the end of reporting period are recorded as a part of "Other assets" or "Accrued interest payables", as the case may be, in the statements of financial position.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidated and separate financial statements								
	31	December 2011		3.						
	Carrying value (2)		Notional	Carrying	value (2)	Notional				
	Assets	Liabilities	amount (1)	Assets	Liabilities	amount (1)				
Type of risk										
Currency	206,248	513,848	12,681,138	132,078	84,157	4,385,298				
Interest rate	_(3)	_(3)	23,050,000	_(3)	_(3)	11,380,000				
Currency and interest rate	47,545 ⁽³⁾	11,592 ⁽³⁾	894,980	76,674 ⁽³⁾	_(3)	693,480				
Total	253,793	525,440	36,626,118	208,752	84,157	16,458,778				

⁽¹⁾ Disclosed only in case that the Bank has the commitment on the payment side.

⁽²⁾ Carrying value is the value determined based on an accrual basis as described in accounting policy regarding to derivatives for banking book.

⁽³⁾ Not include interest receivables and payables, which are recorded as a part of other assets or accrued interest payables in the statements of financial position, as the case maybe.

9. Investments

9.1 Classified by types of investments

	(Unit: Thousand Baht			
	Consolidated and separate			
	financial statements			
	31 December	31 December		
	2011	2010		
Investments held for trading				
Domestic marketable equity securities	-	6,620		
Total investments held for trading securities	-	6,620		
Available-for-sale investments - fair value				
Government and state enterprise securities	5,759,583	6,028,392		
Private sector debt securities	-	371,624		
Foreign debt securities	5,059,508	2,681,619		
Domestic marketable equity securities	70,329	59,369		
Total available-for-sale investments	10,889,420	9,141,004		
Held-to-maturity debt securities - cost/amortised cost				
Government and state enterprise securities	46,425	1,034,032		
Private sector debt securities	400,000	400,000		
Total held-to-maturity debt securities	446,425	1,434,032		
Less: Allowance for impairment	-	(222,000)		
Held-to-maturity debt securities - net	446,425	1,212,032		
General investments - cost				
Domestic non-marketable equity securities	104,716	424,447		
Less: Allowance for impairment	(11,918)	(331,649)		
General investments - net	92,798	92,798		
Investments - net	11,428,643	10,452,454		

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, investments of the Bank and its subsidiary were not subject to any restrictions on their holding and disposal, except that the Bank has placed government bonds amounting to Baht 4 million and Baht 4 million, respectively, which it classifies as available-for-sale investments, with the Court as security.

9.2 Classified by the remaining periods to maturity of the debt securities

			(Uni	t: Thousand Baht)				
	Consolidated and separate financial statements							
		31 Decemb	er 2011					
		Periods to r	maturity					
		Over 1 year to	Over					
	1 year	5 years	5 years	Total				
Available-for-sale investments								
Government and state enterprises securities	2,763,989	2,536,288	450,000	5,750,277				
Foreign debt securities	789,160	3,406,225	749,363	4,944,748				
Total	3,553,149	5,942,513	1,199,363	10,695,025				
Add : Allowance for revaluation	2,252	50,073	71,741	124,066				
Available-for-sale investments - net	3,555,401	5,992,586	1,271,104	10,819,091				
Held-to-maturity debt securities								
Government and state enterprises securities	46,425	-	-	46,425				
Private sector debt securities	400,000	-	-	400,000				
Held-to-maturity debt securities	446,425		-	446,425				
Debt securities - net	4,001,826	5,992,586	1,271,104	11,265,516				

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated and separate financial statements							
	31 December 2010							
	Periods to maturity							
		Over 1 year to	Over					
	1 year	5 years	5 years	Total				
Available-for-sale investments								
Government and state enterprises securities	4,354,791	1,694,329	-	6,049,120				
Private sector debt securities	451,702 ⁽¹⁾	-	-	451,702				
Foreign debt securities	-	1,434,244	1,084,428	2,518,672				
Total	4,806,493	3,128,573	1,084,428	9,019,494				
Add (less): Allowance for revaluation	(5,510)	69,946	79,398	143,834				
Less: Allowance for impairment	(81,693)	-	-	(81,693)				
Available-for-sale investments - net	4,719,290	3,198,519	1,163,826	9,081,635				
Held-to-maturity debt securities								
Government and state enterprises securities	987,607	46,425	-	1,034,032				
Private sector debt securities	-	400,000	-	400,000				
Total	987,607	446,425	-	1,434,032				
Less: Allowance for impairment	(222,000)	-	-	(222,000)				
Held-to-maturity debt securities - net	765,607	446,425	-	1,212,032				
Debt securities - net	5,484,897	3,644,944	1,163,826	10,293,667				

⁽¹⁾ Includes debt securities that have already matured and defaulted

9.3 Promissory notes from Thai Asset Management Corporation

During 2001 to 2003, the Bank transferred non-performing loans to the Thai Asset Management Corporation ("TAMC") whereby TAMC issued non-transferable promissory notes for the value of the assets transferred. On the face of the notes indicated the amounts accounting to the transfer prices, the issuance dates (being the same as the transfer dates), and the maturity dates being 10 years after the issuance dates. The promissory notes are avaled by the Financial Institutions Development Fund ("FIDF") and may be redeemed by TAMC prior to maturity.

On the last working day of each year, TAMC shall calculate interest based on a quarterly average deposit rate and pay interest on an annual basis at the end of every year.

The Bank is jointly responsible, together with TAMC, for future profit or loss sharing from TAMC's management of the non-performing loans.

- If there are profits, the first portion not exceeding 20 percent of the transfer price shall be equally shared between the Bank and TAMC. The second portion shall be fully given to the Bank; provided that, when added to the first portion, the sum shall not exceed the difference between the book value and the transfer price. Any remaining profits after the second portion shall be for TAMC.
- If there are losses, the first portion not exceeding 20 percent of the transfer price shall be borne solely by the Bank. The second portion remaining after the first portion that does not exceed 20 percent of transfer price shall be equally shared and borne between the Bank and TAMC. Any remaining losses after the second portion shall be borne by TAMC.

The Bank is still jointly liable for share of the profit or loss at the end of fifth and tenth years counting from 1 July 2001.

The Bank received performance reports on non-performing loan management from TAMC. TAMC informed the Bank that there are profits or losses to share. However, such share of profits or losses was on only certain transferred non-performing loans. Shares of profits or losses on all transferred non-performing loans will be known when the liquidation process of TAMC is completed. Hence the Bank has not recorded the notified amount of such share of profits or losses and has estimated its share of losses that may arise from the management of all non-performing loans transferred at Baht 222 million, since the liquidation process of TAMC is not yet complete. As at 31 December 2011, such amount has been presented as a part of "Provision for other liabilities" while as at 31 December 2010, it was presented as "Allowance for impairment loss on held-to-maturity debt securities".

As a result of transferring non-performing loans to TAMC, the Bank received promissory notes from TAMC of Baht 2,599 million, maturing on 31 October 2011, 30 November 2011, 29 March 2012, 12 April 2012, 31 October 2012, 31 March 2013 and 30 September 2013 in settlement for transfer prices of non-performing loans transferred, and the Bank classified such promissory notes as held-to-maturity debt securities. Up to 31 December 2011 and 2010, TAMC made payment and redeemed promissory notes totalling Baht 2,553 million and Baht 1,565 million, respectively. Following such redemptions, the balances of promissory notes as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 were Baht 46 million and Baht 1,034 million, respectively.

During the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank recognised interest income on promissory notes from TAMC totaling Baht 9 million and Baht 8 million, respectively.

9.4 Investment in a related company

The Bank has the following investment in a related company, where the Bank holds 10% or more of the paid-up share capital of the investee company, which is recorded as a part of general investments and classified as long-term investments, is presented below.

	Co	nsolidated and sepa	rate financial statements	3	(Unit: Ti	iousand Bant)
		Type of			1 December 2011	
	Type of	invested in	Nature of		Shareholding	
Company's name	business	securities	relationship	Paid-up capital	percentage	Cost
					%	
Related company						
Bangkok BTMU Company Limited	Lending and	Ordinary shares	Related through the	200,000	10.00	20,390
	investment holding		Bank's management			
	businesses					
Total investment in a related compa	any					20,390
	Co	·	rate financial statements			nousand Baht)
		Type of		3	1 December 2010	
	Type of	invested in	Nature of		Shareholding	
Company's name	business	securities	relationship	Paid-up capital	percentage	Cost
					%	
Related company						
Bangkok BTMU Company Limited	Lending and	Ordinary shares	Related through the	200,000	10.00	20,390
	investment holding		Bank's management			
	businesses					
Total investment in a related compa	any					20,390

9.5 Investments in companies having problems relating to financial position and operating results

					(011	t. mousand banty			
_	Consolidated and separate financial statements								
_	3	31 December 2011		:	31 December 2010				
			Allowance for			Allowance for			
_	Cost	Fair value	impairment	Cost	Fair value	impairment			
Listed companies under delisting									
conditions	-	-	-	110	-	(110)			
Companies with problems regarding									
to financial status and operating									
performance	13,911	1,993	(11,918)	333,532	1,993	(331,539)			
Defaulted debt securities	-	-	-	81,693	-	(81,693)			

10. Investments in a subsidiary

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, investments in a subsidiary, which is accounted for under the cost method in the separate financial statements, consist of investments in ordinary shares of the following company:

								(Unit: I	Million Baht)
						Separate finan	cial statements		
									s received
						Book val	ue under	for the ye	ars ended
				Share	holding				
	Nature of	Paid-up	capital	perce	entage	the cost	method	31 Dec	cember
Company's name	business	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
				%	%				
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited (Formerly known as "Leasing Sinn	Hire purchase	3,250	2,500	99.99	99.99	3,250	2,500	-	-

Asia Company Limited")

As at 31 December 2010, the subsidiary's registered share capital was Baht 3 billion, comprising 300 million ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 10 each whereby the subsidiary had fully paid-up 200 million shares with a par value of Baht 10 each and 50% paid-up 100 million shares with a par value of Baht 10 each. The Bank made payment of Baht 500 million for the remaining unpaid shares on 26 January 2011.

Later, on 13 July 2011, the subsidiary's Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2011 resolved to approve the increase of its share capital by 100 million registered shares capital with a par value of Baht 10 each. Following the registration of the capital increase of the subsidiary, the subsidiary's registered share capital is Baht 4 billion, comprising 400 million ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 10 each. In addition, the meeting resolved to approve a call for partial payment of the additional shares from its shareholders, totaling Baht 250 million. The Bank made payment on such called up capital on 14 July 2011.

As at 31 December 2011, the subsidiary has registered share capital totaling Baht 4 billion, comprising 400 million ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 10 each while it has the issued paid-up share capital of Baht 3,250 billion, comprising fully paid-up 300 million shares with a par value of Baht 10 each and a 25% paid-up 100 million shares with a par value of Baht 10 each.

11. Investments in an associate

11.1 Details of investment in an associate

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, investment in an associate in the consolidated and separate financial statements is investment in ordinary shares of the following company:

							(Unit:	Million Baht)
					Consolidat	ed financial	Separate	financial
		Shareholding			statements		stater	nents
					Carryin	ig value	Carryin	g value
		Country of	percer	ntage	under equ	ity method	under cos	st method
Company's name	Type of business	incorporation	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
			%	%				
Finansia Syrus Securities								
Public Company Limited	Securities business	Thailand	24.39	24.51	337	290	291	255

During the year 2011, Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited issued and offered new shares to the existing shareholders proportionately to their shareholding percentage, at a ratio of 1 new share for every 2.5 existing shares. The Bank's Board of Executive Directors' Meeting No. 27/2011, held on 18 August 2011, resolved to approve the Bank to exercise its rights to subscribe to the new shares of such company. The Bank therefore purchased 22,343,978 newly issued ordinary shares for Baht 1.60 per share or a total of Baht 36 million. The Bank made full payment for such purchase on 30 September 2011. This resulted in the Bank holding 101,343,978 shares in Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, or equivalent to 24.39% of the issued and paid-up share capital of such company after the purchase of newly issued shares.

			(Unit: Million Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Shares of profit fr	om investment in		
	an associa	ate for the	Dividends receiv	ved for the years
Company's name	years ended 31 December		ended 31	December
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company				
Limited	20	32	9	2

The share of profit from investment in an associate for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, amounted to Baht 20 million and Bath 32 million, respectively, calculated based on the management accounts of the associate as shown in Note 11.2 to the financial statements.

11.2 Summarised financial information of the associate

Financial information of the associate as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 and for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, as summarised from its financial statements, prepared by the management of the associate, is presented below.

									(Unit: I	Million Baht)
							Total r	evenue		
							for the	e years	Pr	ofit
	Paid-up	o share					end	ed	for the yea	ars ended
	cap	oital	Total	assets	Total li	Total liabilities 31 Dec		31 December		ember (1)
Company's name	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Finansia Syrus										
Securities Public										
Company Limited	665	516	3,032	2,767	1,583	1,503	1,625	1,290	83	128

⁽¹⁾ Exclude other comprehensive income (loss)

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the fair values of the associate which were computed from the last bid price as at the last business day of the year of the Stock Exchange of Thailand, based on the Bank's shareholding percentage, were Baht 223 million and Baht 253 million, respectively.

12. Reconciliations of shareholders' equity between those stated in the consolidated financial statements and the separate financial statements

		(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Equity attributable to the Bank's shareholders in the separate financial statements	14,088,089	13,618,137
Reconciled items		
Accumulated share of profit from investments under equity method	484,354	351,138
Accumulated dividend received from its subsidiariy and associate	(210,845)	(201,364)
Total amounts of reconciled items	273,509	149,774
Equity attributable to the Bank's shareholders in the consolidated financial statements	14,361,598	13,767,911

13. Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables

13.1 Classified by types of loans

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	31 December 2011	31 December 2010	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
				4 400 450
Overdrafts	938,205	1,130,158	938,205	1,130,158
Loans	23,547,411	20,872,622	23,280,512	20,609,301
Notes receivable	11,530,752	12,264,029	39,125,082	29,300,229
Hire purchase receivables	35,903,334	23,178,032	-	-
Financial lease receivables	415,268	373,771	-	-
Total loans to customers	72,334,970	57,818,612	63,343,799	51,039,688
Less: Deferred revenues	(4,782,912)	(3,114,614)	(1,295)	(1,106)
Total loans to customers net of deferred				
revenues	67,552,058	54,703,998	63,342,504	51,038,582
Add: Accrued interest receivables	140,539	112,650	147,027	116,260
Total loans to customers, net of deferred				
revenues, plus accrued interest receivables	67,692,597	54,816,648	63,489,531	51,154,842
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts				
- Provision at minimum rates				
required by BOT	(813,568)	(751,499)	(765,465)	(659,278)
- Provision in excess of minimum				
rates required by BOT	(383,114)	(252,297)	(58,936)	(45,229)
Allowance for revaluation on debt				
restructuring	(12,386)	(11,725)	(12,386)	(11,725)
Loans to customers and accrued interest				
receivables - net	66,483,529	53,801,127	62,652,744	50,438,610

Late in 2011, there was widespread flooding in Thailand, which has affected some of the Bank's debtors. Under the consideration of the Bank's management, which is also in line with the Bank of Thailand's policy, the Bank provided assistance to those debtors in term of postponing principal repayments or interest payments for a certain period and will not consider them as non-performing loans. As at 31 December 2011, there are 4,894 debtors with outstanding balances of Baht 3,208 million which are rescheduled to repay to the Bank and its subsidiary due to the impact of the flood (the Bank only: there are 33 debtors with outstanding balances of Baht 823 million). The Bank has set aside provision for these loans in accordance with the Bank of Thailand's guideline. The Bank's management has assessed the situation and believes that provision set aside on these loans is adequate to cover loan losses that might incur from of those debtors affected by the flood.

13.2 Classified by remaining periods to maturity of loan agreements

				(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated fin	ancial statements	Separate final	ncial statements
	31 December 2011	ecember 2011 31 December 2010		31 December 2010
Not over 1 year (1)	24,471,920	24,019,151	27,074,577	24,423,701
Over 1 year	43,080,138	30,684,847	36,267,927	26,614,881
Total loans to customers (2)	67,552,058	54,703,998	63,342,504	51,038,582
Add: Accrued interest receivables	140,539	112,650	147,027	116,260
Total	67,692,597	54,816,648	63,489,531	51,154,842

⁽¹⁾ Included expired contracts

⁽²⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues

13.3 Classified by currency and residency of debtors

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements						
	31	December 2011		3	31 December 2010		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total	
Baht	65,845,234	-	65,845,234	54,632,734	-	54,632,734	
US dollar	416,952	1,113,768	1,530,720	59,002	-	59,002	
Renminbi	147,964	-	147,964	-	-	-	
Euro	27,986	-	27,986	12,262	-	12,262	
Pound sterling	154	-	154	-	-	-	
Total ⁽¹⁾	66,438,290	1,113,768	67,552,058	54,703,998	-	54,703,998	

⁽¹⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements							
	3	1 December 2011		3	31 December 2010			
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total		
Baht	61,635,680	-	61,635,680	50,967,318	-	50,967,318		
US dollar	416,952	1,113,768	1,530,720	59,002	-	59,002		
Renminbi	147,964	-	147,964	-	-	-		
Euro	27,986	-	27,986	12,262	-	12,262		
Pound sterling	154	-	154	-	-	-		
Total ⁽¹⁾	62,228,736	1,113,768	63,342,504	51,038,582	-	51,038,582		

⁽¹⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues.

13.4 Classified by types of business and loan classification

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements					
			31 Decemi	per 2011			
		Special-	Sub-		Doubtful		
	Pass	mention	standard	Doubtful	of loss	Total	
Agriculture and mining	298,851	69,498	-	-	13,163	381,512	
Manufacturing and commerce	16,978,699	388,912	200,406	49,428	349,127	17,966,572	
Real estate and construction	4,881,470	72,704	350	165,365	299,979	5,419,868	
Public utilities and services	8,074,674	301,125	16,377	67,397	66,648	8,526,221	
Housing loans	54,114	23,672	2,785	4,452	4,094	89,117	
Others	31,270,631	3,220,700	414,944	244,063	18,430	35,168,768	
Total ⁽¹⁾	61,558,439	4,076,611	634,862	530,705	751,441	67,552,058	

⁽¹⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements						
			31 Deceml	ber 2010				
		Special-	Sub-		Doubtful			
	Pass	mention	standard	Doubtful	of loss	Total		
Agriculture and mining	420,262	-	-	778	17,055	438,095		
Manufacturing and commerce	18,685,687	36,325	399,767	63,823	769,030	19,954,632		
Real estate and construction	3,466,671	20,052	262,114	193,718	346,528	4,289,083		
Public utilities and services	5,719,811	265	368,995	6,387	44,104	6,139,562		
Housing loans	74,337	13,600	7,560	3,776	19,335	118,608		
Others	21,970,832	1,376,889	177,384	94,422	144,491	23,764,018		
Total ⁽¹⁾	50,337,600	1,447,131	1,215,820	362,904	1,340,543	54,703,998		

⁽¹⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financial statements						
			31 Decemb	er 2011				
		Special-	Sub-		Doubtful			
	Pass	mention	standard	Doubtful	of loss	Total		
Agriculture and mining	298,851	69,498	-	-	13,163	381,512		
Manufacturing and commerce	44,306,130	388,912	200,406	49,428	349,127	45,294,003		
Real estate and construction	4,881,470	72,704	350	165,365	299,979	5,419,868		
Public utilities and services	8,074,674	301,125	16,377	67,397	66,648	8,526,221		
Housing loans	54,114	23,672	2,785	4,452	4,094	89,117		
Others	3,614,616	173	-	-	16,994	3,631,783		
Total ⁽¹⁾	61,229,855	856,084	219,918	286,642	750,005	63,342,504		

⁽¹⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financial statements						
			31 Decemb	per 2010				
		Special-	Sub-		Doubtful			
	Pass	mention	standard	Doubtful	of loss	Total		
Agriculture and mining	420,262	-	-	778	17,055	438,095		
Manufacturing and commerce	35,458,566	36,325	399,767	63,823	769,030	36,727,511		
Real estate and construction	3,466,671	20,052	262,114	193,718	346,528	4,289,083		
Public utilities and services	5,719,811	265	368,995	6,387	44,104	6,139,562		
Housing loans	74,337	13,600	7,560	3,776	19,335	118,608		
Others	3,303,738	277	-		21,708	3,325,723		
Total ⁽¹⁾	48,443,385	70,519	1,038,436	268,482	1,217,760	51,038,582		

⁽¹⁾ Total loans to customers net of deferred revenues.

13.5 Classified by loan classification

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements 31 December 2011						
	Loans to customers	Net balance used in					
	and accrued	made allowance for	Minimum rates	Allowance for			
	interest receivables (2)	doubtful accounts (1)	required by BOT	doubtful accounts			
			%				
Pass	61,666,135	25,833,088	1	258,331			
Special-mention	4,101,163	684,055	2	13,681			
Sub-standard	635,283	345,574	100	345,574			
Doubtful	530,705	193,069	100	193,069			
Doubtful of loss	759,311	2,913	100	2,913			
Total	67,692,597	27,058,699		813,568			
Provision in excess of minir	num rates required by BOT	г		383,114			
Total				1,196,682			

⁽¹⁾ Net balance used in setting allowance for doubtful accounts for pass and special-mention loans excluded accrued interest receivable net of collateral or debt balance remaining after deducting the present value of expected future cash flows from debt collection or from collateral disposals for substandard, doubtful and doubtful of loss loans.

⁽²⁾ Total loans to customers, net of deferred revenues, plus accrued interest receivables.

		Consolidated financial statements							
		31 December 2010							
	Loans to customers and accrued	Net balance used in made allowance for Minimum rate		Allowance for					
	interest receivables (2)	doubtful accounts (1)	required by BOT	doubtful accounts					
			%						
Pass	50,418,661	20,843,700	1	208,437					
Special-mention	1,447,272	246,222	2	4,924					
Sub-standard	1,239,045	317,310	100	317,310					
Doubtful	362,904	85,258	100	85,258					
Doubtful of loss	1,348,766	135,570	100	135,570					
Total	54,816,648	21,628,060		751,499					
Provision in excess of mir	nium rates required by BOT			252,297					

1,003,796

⁽¹⁾ Net balance used in setting up allowance for doubtful accounts for pass and special-mention loans excluded accrued interest receivable net of collateral or debt balance remaining after deducting the present value of expected future cash flows from debt collection or from collateral disposals for substandard, doubtful and doubtful of loss loans.

⁽²⁾ Total loans to customers, net of deferred revenues, plus accrued interest receivables.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financial statements						
		31 December 2011						
	Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾	Net balance used in made allowance for doubtful accounts ⁽¹⁾	Minimum rates required by BOT	Allowance for doubtful accounts				
			%					
Pass	61,344,039	50,678,574	1	506,786				
Special-mention	880,636	35,056	2	701				
Sub-standard	220,339	171,848	100	171,848				
Doubtful	286,642	83,836	100	83,836				
Doubtful of loss	757,875	2,294	100	2,294				
Total	63,489,531	50,971,608		765,465				
Provision in excess of minin	um rates required by BOT			58,936				

Total

Total

⁽¹⁾ Net balance used in setting allowance for doubtful accounts for pass and special-mention loans excluded accrued interest receivable net of collateral or debt balance remaining after deducting the present value of expected future cash flows from debt collection or from collateral disposals for substandard, doubtful and doubtful of loss loans.

⁽²⁾ Total loans to customers, net of deferred revenues, plus accrued interest receivables.

824,401

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financial statements							
		31 December 2010							
	Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾	Net balance used in made allowance for doubtful accounts ⁽¹⁾	Minimum rates required by BOT	Allowance for doubtful accounts					
			%						
Pass	48,528,055	36,088,992	1	360,890					
Special-mention	70,660	-	2	-					
Sub-standard	1,061,661	243,725	100	243,725					
Doubtful	268,483	41,060	100	41,060					
Doubtful of loss	1,225,983	13,603	100	13,603					
Total	51,154,842	36,387,380		659,278					
Provision in excess of m	ninium rates required by BOT			45,229					
Total				704,507					

Total

⁽¹⁾ Net balance used in setting allowance for doubtful accounts for pass and special-mention loans excluded accrued interest receivable net of collateral or debt balance remaining after deducting the present value of expected future cash flows from debt collection or from collateral disposals for substandard, doubtful and doubtful of loss loans.

⁽²⁾ Total loans to customers, net of deferred revenues, plus accrued interest receivables.

13.6 Non-performing loans

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary have the following nonperforming loans.

	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate financial statements			
	31 December 2011	31 December 2010	31 December 2011	31 December 2010		
Non-performing loans (Thousand Baht) Percentage of non-performing loans to	1,917,008	2,919,267	1,256,565	2,524,678		
total loans (1)	2.49%	4.97%	1.73%	4.59%		

⁽¹⁾ The denominator base included interbank and money market items (loans).

Non-performing loans as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, as presented above are in accordance with the Notification of the Bank of Thailand, defining the non-performing loans to be classified as "sub-standard", "doubtful" and "doubtful of loss", and exclude outstanding loans for which debt restructuring agreements have been made and which have already met the conditions for upgrade to "pass" or "special mention" under the Bank of Thailand's criteria.

13.7 Non-accrued loans to customers

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements 31 December 2011 31 December 2010 31 December 2011 31 December 2010 Non-accrued loans (principal only) 1.879.137 2.634.719 1.218.694 2.240.131 Percentage of total loans (1) 2.44% 1.68% 4.07% 4.49%

⁽¹⁾ The denominator base included interbank and money market items (loans).

The above loans to customers exclude overdue loans, which have been already restructured and are qualified for classification as "Pass" or "Special-mention".

13.8 Sale of non-performing loans to Bangkok Commercial Asset Management Co., Ltd.

On 9 November 2011, the Bank entered into the sale and purchase agreements to sell non-performing loans (including relevant other assets), having the carrying value of approximately Baht 167 million to Bangkok Commercial Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("BAM"), which submitted the highest bid for these assets for Baht 200 million. This sale of non-performing loans and the underlying collateral is a compliance with the Royal Decree on Asset Management Companies, B.E.2541. On 30 November 2011, BAM already paid Baht 200 million to the Bank for these assets.

Under the above agreement, BAM can cancel the transfer of particular assets, in the event that the rights over the debt and collateral cannot be transferred to BAM because the documentation of the debt or collateral is absent or incomplete, the collateral is evicted, or the courts do not permit BAM to assume the rights of litigant from the Bank by no later than 120 days counting from 30 November 2011, which is the transfer date. Should the transfer of any assets be cancelled due to a fault of the Bank, BAM is to receive a refund of the price settled on such asset on the settlement date and the Bank is to receive any amount received from such asset over the cancellation period, after deducting any costs incurred during the period prior to the cancellation of the transfer. However, up to the authorisation date of these financial statements, BAM has yet to cancel any assets sold.

13.9 Loans to companies having problems with financial position and operating results

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary had loans and accrued interest receivables due from companies having problems with their financial position and operating results, and set aside allowances for doubtful accounts as follows:

							(Unit: Mil	lion Baht)
		Consolidated and separate financial statements						
							Allowance	for doubtful
							accounts ar	nd allowance
	Number of loans		Debt balances		Collateral		for revaluation	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Listed companies under rehabilitation								
and/or delisting conditions	1	2	9	21	9	21	-	-

13.10 Troubled debt restructuring

The Bank entered into troubled debt restructuring contracts with its debtors during the the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 as follows:

				(Unit: Million Baht)					
		Separate financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December							
	2	2011		2010					
	Number of	Outstanding balances before	Number of	Outstanding balances before					
	debtors	restructuring	debtors	restructuring					
Restructured debts	34	809	26	398					

The restructured debts discussed above can be classified by methods of debt restructuring as follows:

							(Ur	nt: Million Bant)	
				Separate finance	cial statements				
	For the year ended 31 December 2011								
				Average				Present	
		Debt b	alances	period of the				value	
				remaining				loss from	
	Number	Before	After	term of debt	Type of assets	Fair	Loss on debt	debt	
	of debtors	restructuring	restructuring	restructuring	transferred	value	restructuring (1)	restructuring	
Modification of terms of									
payments	32	740	740	6 years	-	-	-	8	
Transfer of assets and									
modification of repayment					Land and				
conditions	2	69	69	3 years	building	128	-	-	
Total restructured debts	34	809	809			128	-	8	
Loans and accrued interest									
receivables as at									
31 December 2011	717		63,490						

⁽¹⁾ Losses on debt restructuring are the amounts before deducting allowance for doubtful accounts already provided for troubled debts in the accounts on the restructuring dates.

(Linit: Million Babt)

(Unit: Million Baht)

		Separate financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2010							
				Average				Present	
		Debt ba	alances	period of the				value	
				remaining				loss from	
	Number	Before	After	term of debt	Type of assets	Fair	Loss on debt	debt	
	of debtors	restructuring	restructuring	restructuring	transferred	value	restructuring (1)	restructuring	
Modification of terms of									
payments	26	398	398	2 years	-				
Total restructured debts	26	398	398			-		-	
Loans and accrued interest									
receivables as at									
31 December 2010	890		51,155						

(1) Losses on debt restructuring are the amounts before deducting allowance for doubtful accounts already provided for troubled debts in the accounts on the restructuring dates.

Additional information for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 relating to the restructured debts is as follows:

	(Unit: Million Baht				
	Separate financia	al statements			
	For the years ended 31 December				
	2011	2010			
Part of debt forgiven to debtors during the years in case					
that they fulfilled debt restructuring conditions during					
the years	11	32			
Interest income recognised in profit or loss for the years	186	100			
Settlement by debtors					
Principal	273	273			
Interest	177	89			

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, troubled debtors, which the Bank has completed restructuring, can be summarised as follows:

	(Unit: Million E			
	Separate financial statements			
	Number of	Debt balances		
	debtors after restruc			
Balance of restructured debts up to 31 December 2011	108	1,485		
Balance of restructured debts up to 31 December 2010	153	1,683		

During the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank reversed allowance for revaluation on debt restructuring amounting to Baht 6.3 million and Baht 0.1 million, respectively, and amortised allowance for revaluation on debt restructuring as interest income totaling Baht 1.1 million and Baht 0.5 million, respectively.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank has no commitment to additionally lend to its debtors after debt restructuring.

The Bank was not able to estimate the amount of future losses on outstanding loans currently being restructured at this stage.

13.11 Hire purchase receivables/financial lease receivables of a subsidiary

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the subsidiary had net hire-purchase and financial lease receivables amounting to Baht 31,537 million and Baht 20,438 million, respectively, the majority of which is hire purchase or financial lease contracts for motor vehicles, machinery and equipment for their customers' operating businesses. The average contract periods are 1 to 7 years and the interest rates are fixed as specified in the contracts.

	(Unit: Million Bant)								
	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2011								
	Amounts due under agreements								
				Non-					
	Not over 1		Over	performing					
	year	1-5 years	5 years	loans	Total				
Aggregate initial investments under									
the contracts	10,838	24,506	821	187	36,352				
Less: Unearned income (1)	(1,977)	(2,783)	(21)	(34)	(4,815)				
Present value of minimum lease									
payments	8,861	21,723	800	153	31,537				
Allowance for doubtful accounts					(370)				
Hire purchases/finance leases									
receivables - net					31,167				

⁽¹⁾ Net of commissions and initial direct expenses incurred at the inception of contracts.

(Lipit: Million Poht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2010								
	Amounts due under agreements								
				Non-					
	Not over 1		Over	performing					
	year	1-5 years	5 years	loans	Total				
Aggregate initial investments under									
the contracts	6,935	15,865	579	203	23,582				
Less: Unearned income (1)	(1,299)	(1,798)	(17)	(30)	(3,144)				
Present value of minimum lease									
payments	5,636	14,067	562	173	20,438				
Allowance for doubtful accounts					(297)				
Hire purchases/finance leases									
receivables - net					20,141				

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2010

⁽¹⁾ Net of commissions and initial direct expenses incurred at the inception of contracts.

13.12 Hire purchase receivables/financial lease receivables of a subsidiary classified by aging

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, hire purchase and financial lease receivables balances of a subsidiary, engaged in leasing and hire businesses, are classified by the due date of the contracts (after elimination of inter-company transactions) as follows:

	(Unit: Million			
	31 December 2011	31 December 2010		
Not yet due	23,926	16,528		
Overdue not over 90 days	6,951	3,516		
Overdue 91 - 180 days	415	177		
Overdue 181-365 days	244	94		
Overdue more than 365 days	1	123		
Debtors under legal actions		-		
Total	31,537	20,438		
Allowance for doubtful accounts provided in the accounts	370	297		

13.13 Loans to a subsidiary and an associate

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank has loans to subsidiary and associated company as follows:

				Amounts of	Amounts outstanding	
			Interest rates as at	31 Dec	cember	
Company's name	Types of loans	Period of contract	31 December 2011	2011	2010	
			(percentage per annum)	Million Baht	Million Baht	
Subsidiaries						
ICBC (Thai) Leasing	Revolving loan	At call	4.40	4,886	3,564	
Company Limited	Revolving loan	Jan 09 - Jan 15	3.70 - 5.22	22,708	13,472	
(Formerly known as						
"Leasing Sinn Asia						
Company Limited")						
Associated						
Finansia Syrus Securities	Term Ioan	Sep 09 - Mar 11	-	-	40	
Public Company Limited						
Total				27,594	17,076	

14. Allowance for doubtful accounts and allowance for revaluation on debt restructuring

14.1 Allowance for doubtful accounts

	(Unit: Thousand Baht									
		Consolidated financial statements								
		For the year ended 31 December 2011								
		Special-			Doubtful of	Excess				
	Pass	mention	Sub-standard	Doubtful	loss	reserve	Total			
Balance - beginning of the year	208,437	4,924	317,310	85,258	135,570	252,297	1,003,796			
Allowance for doubtful accounts	49,894	8,757	34,352	108,221	586,581	130,817	918,622			
Bad debt written-off	-	-	-	-	(620,307)	-	(620,307)			
Decrease as a result of disposal of loans	-	-	(6,088)	(410)	(98,931)	-	(105,429)			
Balance - end of the year	258,331	13,681	345,574	193,069	2,913	383,114	1,196,682			

		Consolidated financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2010							
		Special-			Doubtful of	Excess			
	Pass	mention	Sub-standard	Doubtful	loss	reserve	Total		
Balance - beginning of the year	225,111	12,095	271,026	352,153	60,603	498,478	1,419,466		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(16,674)	(7,171)	46,429	(257,407)	1,043,318	(246,181)	562,314		
Bad debt written-off		-	(145)	(9,488)	(968,351)	-	(977,984)		
Balance - end of the year	208,437	4,924	317,310	85,258	135,570	252,297	1,003,796		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2011							
		Special-			Doubtful of	Excess			
	Pass	mention	Sub-standard	Doubtful	loss	reserve	Total		
Balance - beginning of the year	360,890	-	243,725	41,060	13,603	45,229	704,507		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	145,896	701	(65,789)	43,186	374,955	13,707	512,656		
Bad debt written-off	-	-	-	-	(287,333)	-	(287,333)		
Decrease as a result of disposal of loans	-		(6,088)	(410)	(98,931)	-	(105,429)		
Balance - end of the year	506,786	701	171,848	83,836	2,294	58,936	824,401		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2010							
		Special-			Doubtful of	Excess			
	Pass	mention	Sub-standard	Doubtful	loss	reserve	Total		
Balance - beginning of the year	292,348	7,269	241,500	333,644	4,692	397,125	1,276,578		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	68,542	(7,269)	2,225	(292,584)	975,354	(351,896)	394,372		
Bad debt written-off	-	-		-	(966,443)	-	(966,443)		
Balance - end of the year	360,890	-	243,725	41,060	13,603	45,229	704,507		
Allowance for doubtful accounts Bad debt written-off	68,542	(7,269)	2,225	(292,584)	975,354 (966,443)	(351,896)	394,372 (966,443)		

14.2 Allowance for revaluation on debt restructuring

	(Unit: Thousand Ba					
	Consolidated and separate	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	For the years ended	For the years ended 31 December				
	2011	2010				
Balance - beginning of the years	11,725	12,358				
Increase (decrease) during the years	1,804	(124)				
Amortise during the years	(1,143)	(509)				
Balance - end of the years	12,386	11,725				

15. Properties foreclosed

The majority of properties foreclosed are from auction bidding and settlement of debts by the restructured debtors.

In cases where the debtors restructure their debts by means of a debt/asset swap, the Bank may grant buyback rights or first refusal rights to certain debtors for a certain period, at prices as agreed in the debt restructuring agreements. For the year ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, movements of properties foreclosed can be summarised as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2011							
		Port							
					to disposal				
					restrictions,				
	Balance as at			Balance as at	buyback rights or				
Type of properties foreclosed	31 December 2010	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2011	first refusal rights				
Assets transferred in settleme	nt of debts								
Immovable assets									
Internal appraisers	374,195	69,022	(48,360)	394,857	29,146				
External appraisers	938,805	50,000	(109,286)	879,519	69,404				
Movable assets	10,143	404,714	(372,440)	42,417	-				
Assets from auction bidding									
Immovable assets									
Internal appraisers	213,714	2,130	(41,035)	174,809	-				
Total	1,536,857	525,866	(571,121)	1,491,602	98,550				
Less: Allowance for impairment	(322,004)	(83,013)	111,554	(293,463)	(37,232)				
Properties foreclosed – net	1,214,853	442,853	(459,567)	1,198,139	61,318				

		Consolidated financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2010							
					to disposal				
					restrictions,				
	Balance as at			Balance as at	buyback rights or				
Type of properties foreclosed	31 December 2009	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2010	first refusal rights				
Assets transferred in settleme	nt of debts								
Immovable assets									
Internal appraisers	430,333	-	(56,138)	374,195	39,477				
External appraisers	938,805	-	-	938,805	69,404				
Movable assets	2,058	163,539	(155,454)	10,143	-				
Assets from auction bidding									
Immovable assets									
Internal appraisers	269,451	12,850	(68,587)	213,714	-				
Total	1,640,647	176,389	(280,179)	1,536,857	108,881				
Less: Allowance for impairment	(354,102)	1,216	30,882	(322,004)	(42,711)				
Properties foreclosed – net	1,286,545	177,605	(249,297)	1,214,853	66,170				

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements							
	For the year ended 31 December 2011							
					Portion subject to disposal restrictions,			
	Balance as at			Balance as at	buyback rights or			
Type of properties foreclosed	31 December 2010	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2011	first refusal rights			
Assets transferred in settleme	nt of debts							
Immovable assets								
Internal appraisers	374,195	69,022	(48,360)	394,857	29,146			
External appraisers	938,805	50,000	(109,286)	879,519	69,404			
Assets from auction bidding								
Immovable assets								
Internal appraisers	213,714	2,130	(41,035)	174,809	-			
Total	1,526,714	121,152	(198,681)	1,449,185	98,550			
Less: Allowance for impairment	(319,878)	(3,113)	38,783	(284,208)	(37,232)			
Properties foreclosed – net	1,206,836	118,039	(159,898)	1,164,977	61,318			

		Separate financial statements								
		For the year ended 31 December 2010								
					Portion subject to disposal restrictions,					
	Balance as at			Balance as at	buyback rights or					
Type of properties foreclosed	31 December 2009	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2010	first refusal rights					
Assets transferred in settleme	nt of debts									
Immovable assets										
Internal appraisers	430,333	-	(56,138)	374,195	39,477					
External appraisers	938,805	-	-	938,805	69,404					
Assets from auction bidding										
Immovable assets										
Internal appraisers	269,451	12,850	(68,587)	213,714						
Total	1,638,589	12,850	(124,725)	1,526,714	108,881					
Less: Allowance for impairment	(353,727)	27,574	6,275	(319,878)	(42,711)					
Properties foreclosed - net	1,284,862	40,424	(118,450)	1,206,836	66,170					

16. Premises and equipment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolic	lated financial stat	ements			
	For the year ended 31 December 2011						
			Furniture, fixtures and				
			office	Motor			
	Land	Buildings	equipment	vehicles	Total		
Cost							
31 December 2010	8,500	6,892	365,791	134,474	515,657		
Additions	-	-	24,083	3,118	27,201		
Disposals/written-off			(14,355)	(12,403)	(26,758)		
31 December 2011	8,500	6,892	375,519	125,189	516,100		
Accumulated depreciation							
31 December 2010	-	(281)	(234,545)	(84,557)	(319,383)		
Depreciation charged for the year	-	(203)	(31,492)	(18,088)	(49,783)		
Accumulated depreciation on							
disposals/written-off	-	-	12,359	12,403	24,762		
31 December 2011		(484)	(253,678)	(90,242)	(344,404)		
Allowance for impairment loss							
31 December 2010	-	-	-	-	-		
Increase during the year			(283)	(213)	(496)		
31 December 2011	-	-	(283)	(213)	(496)		
Net book value							
31 December 2010	8,500	6,611	131,246	49,917	196,274		
31 December 2011	8,500	6,408	121,558	34,734	171,200		
Depreciation included in profit or los	ss from operatio	n for the years e	nded				
21 December 2010					54.427		

31 December 2010

31 December 2011

54,427 49,783

	Consolidated financial statements							
		For the yea	r ended 31 Decem	ber 2010				
	Furniture,							
			fixtures and					
			office	Motor				
	Land	Buildings	equipment	vehicles	Total			
Cost								
31 December 2009	8,500	6,892	357,859	115,718	488,969			
Additions	-	-	26,814	20,156	46,970			
Transfer in	-	-	11,371	-	11,371			
Transfer out	-	-	(12,746)	-	(12,746)			
Disposals/written-off	-	-	(17,507)	(1,400)	(18,907)			
31 December 2010	8,500	6,892	365,791	134,474	515,657			
Accumulated depreciation								
31 December 2009	-	(79)	(217,012)	(65,130)	(282,221)			
Depreciation charged for the year	-	(202)	(34,020)	(20,205)	(54,427)			
Accumulated depreciation on								
disposals/written-off	-	-	16,487	778	17,265			
31 December 2010	-	(281)	(234,545)	(84,557)	(319,383)			
Net book value								
31 December 2009	8,500	6,813	140,847	50,588	206,748			
31 December 2010	8,500	6,611	131,246	49,917	196,274			
Depreciation included in profit or los	s from operation	n for the years er	nded					

31 December 2009	65,224
31 December 2010	54,427

	Separate financial statements						
		For the yea	r ended 31 Decem	1ber 2011			
			Furniture,				
			fixtures and				
			office	Motor			
	Land	Buildings	equipment	vehicles	Total		
Cost							
31 December 2010	8,500	6,892	326,817	118,506	460,715		
Additions	-	-	12,442	3,119	15,561		
Disposals/written-off	-	-	(13,013)	(12,403)	(25,416)		
31 December 2011	8,500	6,892	326,246	109,222	450,860		
Accumulated depreciation							
31 December 2010	-	(281)	(213,461)	(75,508)	(289,250)		
Depreciation charged for the year	-	(203)	(24,329)	(16,837)	(41,369)		
Accumulated depreciation on							
disposals/written-off	-	-	11,515	12,403	23,918		
31 December 2011		(484)	(226,275)	(79,942)	(306,701)		
Allowance for impairment loss							
31 December 2010	-	-	-	-	-		
Increase during the year			(283)	(213)	(496)		
31 December 2011	-	-	(283)	(213)	(496)		
Net book value							
31 December 2010	8,500	6,611	113,356	42,998	171,465		
31 December 2011	8,500	6,408	99,688	29,067	143,663		
Depreciation included in profit or los	ss from operatio	n for the years e	nded				

31 December 2010	46,752
31 December 2011	41,369

		Separate financial statements							
		For the year ended 31 December 2010							
		Furniture,							
			fixtures and						
			office	Motor					
	Land	Buildings	equipment	vehicles	Total				
Cost									
31 December 2009	8,500	6,892	334,202	103,446	453,040				
Additions	-	-	10,539	15,060	25,599				
Transfer in	-	-	5,770	-	5,770				
Transfer out	-	-	(7,145)	-	(7,145)				
Disposals/written-off	-		(16,549)		(16,549)				
31 December 2010	8,500	6,892	326,817	118,506	460,715				
Accumulated depreciation									
31 December 2009	-	(79)	(201,444)	(56,824)	(258,347)				
Depreciation charged for the year	-	(202)	(27,866)	(18,684)	(46,752)				
Accumulated depreciation on									
disposals/written-off	-		15,849	-	15,849				
31 December 2010	-	(281)	(213,461)	(75,508)	(289,250)				
Net book value									
31 December 2009	8,500	6,813	132,758	46,622	194,693				
31 December 2010	8,500	6,611	113,356	42,998	171,465				
Depreciation included in profit or lo	ss from operatio	n for the years e	nded						

Depreciation included in profit or loss from operation for the years ended

31 December 2009	45,852
31 December 2010	46,752

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary have motor vehicles acquired under financial leases with net book values amounting to Baht 10 million and Baht 12 million, respectively (the Bank only: 7 Baht million and Baht 8 million, respectively).

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary have certain assets which have been fully depreciated but are still in use. The gross carrying amount (before deducting accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment loss) of those assets amounted to Baht 270 million and 230 million, respectively (the Bank only: Baht 246 million and Baht 228 million, respectively).

17. Intangible assets

				(1	Jnit: Thousand Baht)
		Conso	lidated financial state	ments	
	Net book value				Net book value
	as at				as at
	31 December		Transferred in/		31 December
	2010	Increase	(transferred out)	Amortisation	2011
Computer softwares	128,616	4,338	1,700	(48,167)	86,487
Computer softwares					
under development	2,376	2,835	(1,700)		3,511
Total	130,992	7,173	-	(48,167)	89,998

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements						
	Net book value				Net book value			
	as at				as at			
	31 December		Transferred in/		31 December			
	2009	Increase	(transferred out)	Amortisation	2010			
Computer softwares	162,693	2,118	10,965	(47,160)	128,616			
Computer softwares								
under development	5,364	6,602	(9,590)		2,376			
Total	168,057	8,720	1,375	(47,160)	130,992			

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements							
	Net book value	Net book value						
	as at				as at			
	31 December		Transferred in/		31 December			
	2010	Increase	(transferred out)	Amortisation	2011			
Computer softwares	117,005	598	-	(44,437)	73,166			
Computer softwares under								
development	2,016	1,114	-	-	3,130			
Total	119,021	1,712	-	(44,437)	76,296			

	Separate financial statements							
	Net book value	Net book value						
	as at				as at			
	31 December		Transferred in/		31 December			
	2009	Increase	(transferred out)	Amortisation	2010			
Computer softwares	159,431	187	1,965	(44,578)	117,005			
Computer softwares								
under development	197	2,409	(590)	-	2,016			
Total	159,628	2,596	1,375	(44,578)	119,021			

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the remaining amortisation periods of intangible assets are 1 - 60 months and 2 - 59 months, respectively (the Bank only: 1 - 60 months and 6 - 42 months, respectively).

18. Other assets

			(U	nit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	2011 2010		2011	2010	
Accounts receivable on disposals of investments	-	19,161	-	19,161	
Prepaid expenses	11,754	12,378	10,201	11,122	
Deposits	9,310	11,504	5,770	8,440	
Others	3,012	1,956	2,418	1,630	
Total other assets	24,076	44,999	18,389	40,353	

19. Classification of assets

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the quality of assets of the Bank and its subsidiary classified in accordance with the Notification of the Bank of Thailand is as follows:

	_			Cons	olidated fina	ncial stateme	ents			
	Loans to o	customers								
	and ad	ccrued			Prope	rties				
	interest red	ceivables ⁽¹⁾	Investr	nents	foreclo	osed	Other a	ssets	То	tal
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Pass	71,069	54,417	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,069	54,417
Special-mention	4,101	1,447	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,101	1,447
Sub-standard	635	1,239	-	-	-	-	-	-	635	1,239
Doubtful	531	363	-	-	-	-	-	-	531	363
Doubtful of loss	759	1,349	12	635	293	322	79	38	1,143	2,344
Total	77,095	58,815	12	635	293	322	79	38	77,479	59,810

(1) The classified debts included loans to the financial institutions, which are presented as a part of "interbank and money market items" (assets) in the statements of

financial position.

(Unit: Million Baht)

(Unit: Million Baht)

	_			Sej	parate financ	ial statement	ts			
	Loans to c	customers								
	and ad	crued			Prope	rties				
	interest rec	ceivables ⁽¹⁾	Investn	nents	foreclo	osed	Other a	ssets	То	tal
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Pass	70,747	52,527	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,747	52,527
Special-mention	881	71	-	-	-	-	-	-	881	71
Sub-standard	220	1,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	1,062
Doubtful	287	268	-	-	-	-	-	-	287	268
Doubtful of loss	758	1,226	12	635	284	320	2	2	1,056	2,183
Total	72,893	55,154	12	635	284	320	2	2	73,191	56,111

⁽¹⁾ The classified debts included loans to the financial institutions, which are presented as a part of "interbank and money market items" (assets) in the statements of financial position.

20. Deposits

20.1 Classified by types of deposits

				(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	31 December 2011	31 December 2011 31 December 2010		31 December 2010
At call	4,542,389	7,129,169	4,542,409	7,129,236
Savings deposits	1,113,220	2,505,296	1,114,650	2,507,934
Time deposits				
- Not over 6 months	8,961,174	6,011,163	8,961,174	6,011,163
- 6 months and up to 1 year	675,011	3,506,432	675,011	3,506,432
- Over 1 year	5,540,545	7,865,134	5,540,545	7,865,134
Total deposits	20,832,339	27,017,194	20,833,789	27,019,899

20.2 Classified by remaining periods of deposit contracts

			(1	Unit: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	31 December 2011	31 December 2010	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Not over 1 year				
(included matured contracts)	20,528,439	21,366,689	20,529,889	21,369,394
Over 1 year	303,900	5,650,505	303,900	5,650,505
Total deposits	20,832,339	27,017,194	20,833,789	27,019,899

20.3 Classified by currencies and residency of depositors

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements						
_	31 December 2011			3	1 December 2010		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total	
Baht	20,513,093	163,586	20,676,679	26,894,484	66,480	26,960,964	
US dollar	130,366	-	130,366	52,902	-	52,902	
Other currencies	23,529	1,765	25,294	3,328	-	3,328	
Total deposits	20,666,988	165,351	20,832,339	26,950,714	66,480	27,017,194	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements					
_	31 December 2011			3	1 December 2010	
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total
Baht	20,514,543	163,586	20,678,129	26,897,189	66,480	26,963,669
US dollar	130,366	-	130,366	52,902	-	52,902
Other currencies	23,529	1,765	25,294	3,328		3,328
Total deposits	20,668,438	165,351	20,833,789	26,953,419	66,480	27,019,899

21. Interbank and money market items (liabilities)

_	Consolidated financial statements					
	31 December 2011			31 December 2010		
_	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
Domestic						
Bank of Thailand	-	-	-	-	4,600	4,600
Commercial banks	-	1,020,008	1,020,008	15	500,000	500,015
Other financial institutions	461,207	4,033	465,240	427,396	50,659	478,055
Total domestic items	461,207	1,024,041	1,485,248	427,411	555,259	982,670
Foreign						
Baht currency	6,262	-	6,262	504,669	-	504,669
USD currency	-	-	-	-	301,513	301,513
Total foreign items	6,262	-	6,262	504,669	301,513	806,182
Total domestic and foreign items	467,469	1,024,041	1,491,510	932,080	856,772	1,788,852

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

-	Separate financial statements					
	31 December 2011			31 December 2010		
_	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
Domestic						
Bank of Thailand	-	-	-	-	4,600	4,600
Commercial banks	-	1,020,008	1,020,008	15	-	15
Other financial institutions	461,207	4,033	465,240	427,396	50,659	478,055
Total domestic items	461,207	1,024,041	1,485,248	427,411	55,259	482,670
Foreign						
Baht currency	6,262	-	6,262	504,669	-	504,669
USD currency	-	-	-	-	301,513	301,513
Total foreign items	6,262		6,262	504,669	301,513	806,182
Total domestic and foreign items	467,469	1,024,041	1,491,510	932,080	356,772	1,288,852

22. Debts issued and borrowings

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary had debts issued and borrowings as follow:

				(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated and separate	
				financial s	tatements
		Interest rate		31 December	31 December
Type of loans	Currency	(as at 31 December 2011)	Maturities	2011	2010
Bill of Exchange	Baht	2.00% - 4.25%	2012 - 2015	51,451,656	27,785,893
Promissory Notes	Baht	-	Matured		248
Total				51,451,656	27,786,141

23. Provisions

23.1 Provisions for post-employment benefits

The Bank and its subsidiary treat the severance payments they must make to employees upon retirement under labor law as a post-employment retirement benefit plan.

Change in provisions for post-employment benefits is as follows:

		(Unit: Million Baht)
	Consolidated financial	Separate financial
	statements	statements
Cumulative effect of change in accounting policies		
regarding employee benefit (Note 3)	92	80
Current service cost	22	16
Interest cost	4	3
Benefits paid during the year	(5)	(5)
Balance as at 31 December 2011	113	94

The Bank and its subsidiary had long-term employee benefit expenses included in profit or loss from operation for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounted to Baht 21 million (the Bank only: Baht 14 million).

The principal assumptions used in determining provision for post-employment benefits, determined using the actuarial techniques, are shown below.

	Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	31 December 2011	31 December 2010	
	(% per annum)	(% per annum)	
Future salary increases	6	6	
Turnover rate (depending on age of employees)	0 - 20	0-20	
Discount rate	4	4	

23.2 Provisions for other liabilities

	Consolidated and separate financial statements				
	Share of losses from				
	management of				
	non-performing				
	loans (Note 9.3)	Loss from lawsuit	Total		
Balance - beginning of the year	-	99,650	99,650		
Increase during the year	-	4,850	4,850		
Paid during the year	-	(450)	(450)		
Transferred from allowance for impairment loss on					
investment (1)	222,000	-	222,000		
Balance - ending of the year	222,000	104,050	326,050		

⁽¹⁾ Provision for share of loss from management of non-performing loans, for which the Bank is jointly liable with Thai Asset Management Corporation ("TAMC"), was formerly shown as a deduction from promissory notes received from TAMC.

24. Other liabilities

			(U	Init: Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate financial statements	
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Other payables	524,534	666,148	169,567	275,730
Accrued expenses	246,635	121,038	179,132	74,258
Withholding tax payable	16,251	12,426	14,418	10,903
Special business tax payable	13,628	8,206	13,628	8,206
Payables under finance lease contracts	8,416	12,334	5,861	8,067
Corporate income tax payable	222,946	127,699	124,065	84,521
Others	57,884	20,956	23,404	3,409
Total other liabilities	1,090,294	968,807	530,075	465,094

25. Share capital

Preference shares of the Bank are divided into Class A and Class B shares, both of which are non-cumulative dividend-paying shares. Holders of Class B preference shares are entitled to preferential receipt of dividends and return of capital over holders of Class A preference shares and ordinary shares. If the Bank reduces its capital as a result of operating losses on assets held prior to the injection of capital funds by the Ministry of Finance, the Bank is to reduce the capital of the ordinary shares and the Class A preference shares first, to the extent that this does not exceed the accumulated loss as at the date that the Ministry of Finance injected funds plus any subsequent losses on the assets held prior to that date. If the Bank reduces capital as a result of operating losses on assets acquired after the Ministry of Finance injected funds, the Bank is to reduce the capital of the ordinary shares first and then the Class A preference shares and Class B preference shares proportionately. All preferences had a period of 10 years, which expired in November 2009. Hence, rights of preference shareholders has been the same as those of the ordinary shareholders since then.

Holders of both classes of preference shares are entitled to convert the shares they hold into ordinary shares, with the conversion ratio of 1:1. All Class A preference shares were already converted into ordinary shares before the year 2010 and the Class B preference shareholders are still entitled to convert the remaining Class B preference shares into ordinary shares.

During the year ended 31 December 2010, 2,323,139 Class B preference shares were converted into ordinary shares. After conversion, there were 1,589,988,613 ordinary shares in issue, and 464,332 Class B preference shares outstanding as at 31 December 2010.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, 13,251 Class B preference shares were converted into ordinary shares. After conversion, there were 1,590,001,864 ordinary shares in issue, and 451,081 Class B preference shares outstanding as at 31 December 2011.

The registered capital of the Bank as presented in the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 is the registered capital per the Bank's Memorandum of Association.

Reconciliation of number of ordinary shares and preference shares

(Unit: Shares)

	For the years ended 31 December		
	2011	2010	
Registered share capital			
Ordinary shares			
Number of ordinary shares at the beginning of the years	1,587,719,304	1,087,923,532	
Registered conversion of preference shares into ordinary shares	2,282,560	499,795,772	
Number of ordinary shares at the end of the years	1,590,001,864	1,587,719,304	
Preference shares			
Number of preference shares at the beginning of the years	2,733,641	502,529,413	
Registered conversion of preference shares into ordinary shares	(2,282,560)	(499,795,772)	
Number of preference shares at the end of the years	451,081	2,733,641	
ssued and paid-up share capital			
Ordinary shares			
Number of ordinary shares at the beginning of the years	1,589,988,613	1,587,665,474	
Conversion of preference shares into ordinary shares	13,251	2,323,139	
Number of ordinary shares at the end of the years	1,590,001,864	1,589,988,613	
Preference shares			
Number of preference shares at the beginning of the years	464,332	2,787,471	
Conversion of preference shares into ordinary shares	(13,251)	(2,323,139)	
Number of preference shares at the end of the years	451,081	464,332	

26. Other component of shareholders' equity - revaluation surplus on investments

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated an	d separate	
	financial stat	ements	
	For the years ended	31 December	
	2011	2010	
Balances - beginning of the years	164,577	73,666	
Increase from changes in value of securities	73,522	142,196	
Decrease from changes in value of securities	(87,840)	(43,118)	
Transfer from (transfer to) gains (losses) on sale of			
investments	5,511	(8,167)	
Balances - end of the years	155,770	164,577	

27. Capital funds

The primary objectives of the Bank's capital management are to maintain the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a capital adequacy ratio in accordance with the Act on Undertaking of Banking business B.E. 2551. As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the capital funds are as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Bah		
	Separate financial statements		
	31 December 2011 31 December 20		
Tier 1 capital			
Registered and fully paid share capital	15,904,529	15,904,529	
Investments in instruments already counted as other			
financial institutions' capital funds	(224,659)	(289,283)	
Deficit	(2,257,639)	(2,687,632)	
Total	13,422,231	12,927,614	
Tier 2 capital			
Reserve for assets classified as "Pass"	541,899	378,869	
Revaluation surplus on investments in available-for-sale			
equity securities	14,267	9,334	
Investments in debt securities already counted as other			
financial institutions' capital funds	(224,659)	(289,283)	
Total	331,507	98,920	
Total capital funds	13,753,738	13,026,534	

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the calculation of capital ratios which are determined in accordance with the criteria regulating capital funds of commercial banks as announced in the Notification of the Bank of Thailand, are as follows:

(Unit: Percentage)

		Separate financial statements					
	31 Dece	ember 2011	31 December 2010				
Capital ratios	The Bank	Requirement	The Bank	Requirement			
Tier I capital to risk assets	17.10	4.25	20.40	4.25			
Total capital to risk assets	17.52	8.50	20.55	8.50			

In order to comply with the Bank of Thailand's notification on Basel II's Pillar III, re: Public Disclosure of Capital Maintendence Information for Commercial Banks, the Bank disclosed capital adequacy and capital risk exposure information as of 30 June 2011 through the Bank's website at <u>www.icbcthai.com</u> on 21 October 2011, and will disclose capital adequacy and capital risk exposure information as of 31 December 2011 through the Bank's website within April 2012.

28. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act. B.E. 2535, the Bank is required to set aside to a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net income after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

29. Interest Income

Interest income for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 consisted of:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated finar	icial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years ende	ed 31 December	For the years ende	d 31 December	
	2011 2010		2011	2010	
Interest income on:					
Interbank and money market items	190,777	77,834	190,584	77,754	
Investments in debt securities	438,183	338,422	438,183	338,422	
Loans to customers	1,950,549	1,522,097	2,909,431	1,996,589	
Hire purchase and finance lease	1,944,791	1,044,834	1,040	92	
Total interest income	4,524,300	2,983,187	3,539,238	2,412,857	

30. Interest expenses

Interest expenses for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 consisted of:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated finan	icial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years ende	d 31 December	For the years ended 31 December		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Interest expenses on:					
Deposits	531,887	425,121	531,894	425,146	
Interbank and money market items	72,068	32,894	47,306	7,454	
Debts issued and borrowings	1,114,401	306,683	1,114,401	306,448	
Contributions to the Deposit Protection					
Agency	91,191	126,143	91,191	126,143	
Total interest expenses	1,809,547	890,841	1,784,792	865,191	

31. Fees and service income - net

Fees and service income - net for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 consisted of:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the year	s ended 31	For the years ended 31		
	Decer	nber	Decen	nber	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Fees and service income					
- Acceptances, aval and guarantees	13,305	15,542	13,305	15,542	
- Letter of credit fee income	9,339	7,560	9,339	7,560	
- Hire purchase/finance lease fee income	193,052	99,639	-	-	
- Others	16,781	22,341	16,781	22,341	
Total fees and service income	232,477	145,082	39,425	45,443	
Fees and service expenses		- (2,860)		-	
Net fees and service income	232,477	142,222	39,425	45,443	

32. Gains (losses) on foreign currency trading and exchange transactions

Gains on foreign currency trading and exchange transactions for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 consisted of:

	(Unit: T	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated a	nd separate	
	financial sta	tements	
	For the years ended 31		
	December		
	2011 2010		
Foreign currencies and derivatives on foreign exchange	6,689	7,283	
Equity securities	2,648	6,056	
Total	9,337	13,339	

33. Gains on investments

Gains on investments for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 consisted of:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated ar	nd separate	
	financial sta	tements	
	For the years ended		
	31 December		
	2011		
Gains on sales of investments			
- Available-for-sale investments	7,100	18,126	
- General investments	-	9,735	
Losses on impairment of general investments	-	(118)	
Total	7,100	27,743	

34. Provident fund

The Bank, its subsidiary and their employees have jointly established a provident fund as approved by the Ministry of Finance in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The Bank, its subsidiary and their employees contribute to the fund on a monthly basis at the rate of 3 percent of basic salary. The fund, which is managed by Kasikorn Asset Management Company Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules.

During the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary contributed Baht 14 million and Baht 13 million, respectively, to the provident fund (the Bank only: Baht 10 million and Baht 10 million, respectively).

35. Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration represents the benefits (exclusive of salaries and related benefits payable to directors who are executives of the Bank and its subsidiary) paid to the Bank and subsidiary's directors in accordance with Section 90 of the Public Limited Companies Act.

36. Bad debts, doubtful accounts and impairment loss

Bad debt, doubtful accounts and impairment loss in the statement of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

			(Unit: T	housand Baht)	
	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended 31 December		Separate financial statements		
			,		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Bad debts and doubtful accounts					
Interbank and money market items	17,134	17,579	17,134	16,579	
Loans to customers	918,622	574,619	512,656	394,372	
Losses on debt restructuring	12,621	32,235	12,621	32,235	
Total	948,377	624,433	542,411	443,186	

37. Income tax

Income tax has been calculated based on profit from operation before income tax after adding back certain expenses and provision non-deductible for tax computation purposes and deducting tax-exempted revenue.

38. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the years attributable to equity holders of the Bank (excluding other comprehensive income/loss), by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and the preference shares, which have the same right as ordinary shares, in issue during the years.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2011 2010		2011	2010
Profit for the years (Thousand Baht)	694,687	553,505	558,759	433,527
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential				
ordinary shares (Thousand shares)	1,590,453	1,590,453	1,590,453	1,590,453
Earnings per share (Baht per share)	0.44	0.35	0.35	0.27

39. Related party transactions

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank had significant business transactions with its major shareholder of the Bank, companies that are related with the major shareholder of the Bank, the Bank's subsidiary and related companies, including transactions with directors or management employees from executive vice president level or equivalent position upward (collectively called these related individuals as "the related persons"), persons related to the related persons, entities in which the related persons have management authority, or entities in which the Bank or directors or such management employees from executive vice president level or equivalent position upward or persons related to the related persons hold in the aggregate more than 10 percent of the issued share capital.

Relationship with related parties are summarised below.

- 1. The major shareholder of the Bank, holding 97.70 % of the Bank's paid-up share capital, is Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited.
- 2. The shareholder of the Bank with a shareholding of more than 10 percent, had been Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited, which had not been considered a related party of the Bank since 21 April 2010, the date on which the existing major shareholder of the Bank purchased the Bank's shares.
- 3. Companies having transaction with the Bank in which Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited holds 20 or more percent of shares and over which it has management control consist of the following. These companies have not been treated as related parties of the Bank since 21 April 2010, the date on which the existing major shareholder of the Bank purchased the Bank's shares.
 - BBL Asset Management Company Limited
 - Bualuang Securities Company Limited
- 4. The subsidiary of the Bank is
 - ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited
- 5. The accounting standard defines associates as those entities over which the investor has significant influence, but are not treated as subsidiaries. If the investor's direct and indirect voting rights are at least 20 percent of the issued share capital of such company, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence over the company. The associate of the Bank is
 - Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

- 6. The subsidiary of the Bank's associated, which has transaction with the Bank, is
 - ACL Securities Company Limited
- 7. The Companies that are related with Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, the major shareholder of the Bank, are
 - Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited
 - China Construction Bank Corporation
 - Shenzhen Investment Limited
 - PT. Bank ICBC Indonesia or Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Indonesia) Limited
 - China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited, CNCB
- 8. The companies that are related through the Bank's directors and management and have transactions with the Bank, consist of
 - Bangkok BTMU Company Limited
 - M-Home SPV 3 Company Limited
 - Siam Piwat Company Limited
 - Siam Piwat Holding Company Limited

During the years, the Bank and its subsidiary had significant business transactions with its related parties. These transactions have been concluded on commercial terms and based agreed upon in the ordinary course of businesses between the Bank and those related parties. Below is a summary of those transactions.

					(0
	Consolidated fina	Consolidated financial statements For the year ended 31 December		cial statements	Transfer pricing
	For the year end			led 31 December	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	policy
Parent company					
Interest income	12	4	12	4	With reference to the terms and prices as offered
					to other customers
Fees income	3	1	3	1	With reference to the terms and prices as offered
					to other customers
Subsidiary					
(eliminated from the co	nsolidated financial sta	tements)			
Interest income	-	-	978	494	With reference to the terms and prices as offered
					to other customers

(Linit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate finan	cial statements	Transfer pricing
	For the year end	ed 31 December	For the year end	ed 31 December	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	policy
Associated company					
Interest income	1	4	1	4	With reference to the terms and prices as offered
					to other customers
Dividend income	-	-	9	2	As announced by the investee companies
Fees and service expenses	1	-	1	-	Market price
Related company					
Interest income	14	-	14	-	With reference to the terms and prices as offered
					to other customers
Interest expenses	-	2	-	2	Market rates and/or charged in compliance with
					the criteria specified by the Bank of Thailand
Dividend income	2	22	2	22	As announced by the investee companies
Fee and service expenses	-	1	-	1	Market price
Related directors and manage	ement				
Interest expenses	1	1	1	1	Market rates and/or charged in compliance with
					the criteria specified by the Bank of Thailand

The Bank has established guidelines whereby interest rates, fees, service and rental charges are to be set for related companies as if the transactions were being executed with unrelated parties, with the key consideration being maximisation of benefit to the Bank.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the outstanding balances of transactions between the Bank and its subsidiary and their related parties, or between the Bank or its subsidiary and their related parties can be summarised as follows:

			(Ur	it: Million Baht)	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	As at 31 D	ecember	As at 31 D	ecember	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Interbank and money market items (assets)					
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited	-	40	-	40	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited	109	120	109	120	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	23	5	23	5	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China					
(Indonesia) Limited	95	-	95	-	
China CITIC Bank Corporaion Limited, CNCB	816	-	816	-	
Investments					
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	-	-	3,250	2,500	
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited	337	290	291	255	
Bangkok BTMU Company Limited	20	20	20	20	
Loans to customers					
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	-	-	27,594	17,036	
Shenzhen Investment Limited	1,109	-	1,109	-	

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financ	ial statements
	As at 31 D	ecember	As at 31 D	ecember
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Accrued interest receivables				
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	-	-	7	4
Other assets				
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited	16	10	16	10
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited	1	20	1	20
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)				
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited	-	505	-	505
ACL Securities Company Limited	-	58	-	58
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited	36	2	36	2
Deposits, debts issued and borrowings				
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	-	-	1	3
M-Home SPV 3 Company Limited	5	7	5	7
Siam Piwat Company Limited	-	15	-	15
Siam Piwat Holding Company Limited	-	10	-	10
Related persons	48	82	48	82
Off-balance sheet items				
Letter of guarantee				
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited	928	305	928	305
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	1	1	1	1
Forward-bought				
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	55	32	55	32

For restructured loans, interest rates will be according to conditions as stipulated in debt restructuring agreements.

The Bank's policy in setting up allowance for doubtful accounts on loans to related parties is similar to other debtors. As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank set up allowance for doubtful accounts and allowance for revaluation on loans to related parties totaling Baht 281 million and Baht 171 million, respectively.

The deposits, debts issued and borrowings mentioned above are promissory notes, deposit receipts or bills of exchange, carrying interest rates of 2.80 to 4.00 percent per annum (31 December 2010: 0.75 to 3.00 percent per annum).

Movements of loans (included interbank and money market items - assets) to related parties for the year ended 31 December 2011 are as follows:

					(Unit: Million Baht)
		Addition	Repayment		
	31 December	during	during	31 December	
	2010	the period	the period	2011	Period of contracts
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	3,564	25,040	(23,718)	4,886	At call
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	13,472	22,219	(12,983)	22,708	19 Dec 08 - 12 Jan 15
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company					
Limited	40	-	(40)	-	Matured
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China					
Limited	58	1,714	(1,662)	110	16 Dec 11 - 15 Mar 12
China CITIC Bank Corporation Limitd, CNCB	-	805	-	805	8 Aug 11 - 8 Aug 12
Shenzhen Investment Limited	-	1,109	-	1,109	30 Sep 11 - 16 Sep 12
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China					
(Asia) Limited	-	2,954	(2,930)	24	30 Dec 11 - 4 Jan 12
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China					
(Indonesia) Limited	-	95	-	95	16 Dec 11 - 17 Jan 12

Movements of deposits, debts issued and borrowings from related companies for the year ended 31 December 2011 are as follows:

					(Unit: Million Baht
		Deposits/			
		borrowings	Repayment		
	31 December	during the	during the	31 December	
	2010	period	period	2011	Period of contracts
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China					
Limited	505	6	(505)	6	At call
ACL Securities Company Limited	58	1,146	(1,204)	-	Matured
Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company					
Limited	2	1,416	(1,381)	37	At call
ICBC (Thai) Leasing Company Limited	3	940	(942)	1	At call
M Home SPV 3 Company Limited	7	-	(2)	5	At call
Siam Piwat Company Limited	15	-	(15)	-	Matured
Siam Piwat Holding Company Limited	10	-	(10)	-	Matured
Related persons	16	105	(117)	4	At call
Related persons	66	60	(82)	44	27 Jan 10 - 8 Feb 12

Directors and management's benefit

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank and its subsidiary had employee benefit expenses on their directors and management as below.

				(Unit: Million Baht)
	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Short-term employee benefits	141	123	90	81
Post-employment benefits	7	-	4	-

The Bank's directors and executives from the rank of department manager upwards do not receive benefits, either in monetary or non-monetary terms, other than the normal benefits such as monthly directors' remuneration, meeting allowances, salaries and bonuses, as the case may be. Directors who are executives of the Bank do not receive remuneration, in accordance with the Bank's policy, and the representative directors who are executives of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited do not receive remuneration, in accordance with Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited's policies, except for those benefits granted in accordance with employment agreements such as housing allowances, medical expenses, life and accident insurance and home trip expenses, in accordance with the established criteria. Nevertheless, directors with permanent residence abroad can reimburse expenses of travelling and accommodation incurred in connection with the operation of the Bank's business, at the amount actually incurred.

40. Contingent liabilities and commitments

40.1 Commitments

					(Ur	it: Million Baht)			
	Consolidated and separate financial statements								
	31	December 201	1	3	1 December 20	10			
		Foreign			Foreign				
	Baht	currency	Total	Baht	currency	Total			
Avals to bill	2	100	102	24	-	24			
Letters of credit	5	207	212	21	1,512	1,533			
Other contingencies									
Forward exchange contracts - bought	-	8,419	8,419	-	17,818	17,818			
Forward exchange contracts - sold	-	13,900	13,900	-	19,145	19,145			
Interest rate swap contracts	23,050	-	23,050	11,380	-	11,380			
Cross currency and interest rate swap contracts									
Bought contracts	-	162	162	-	-	-			
Sold contracts	-	729	729	-	693	693			
Undraw committed lines	2,703	-	2,703	-	-	-			
Others	781	947	1,728	808	310	1,118			
Total	26,541	24,464	51,005	12,233	39,478	51,711			

40.2 Contingent liabilities from litigations

- 40.2.1 On 21 October 1999, the Bank was sued by a provident fund claiming compensation of Baht 220 million (an unrealized loss from investment) plus accrued interest of Baht 23 million (calculated from the default date to the filing date) on the grounds that the Bank had breached an agreement dated 8 June 1995, under which the Bank was appointed as the provident fund manager. On 31 January 2003, the Court of First Instance dismissed the plaintiff's case. On 27 February 2007, the Appeal Court overturned this decision and the Bank was ordered to pay the plaintiff Baht 50 million plus interest at 7.5 percent per annum counting from 11 June 1998. The Bank does not agree with the Appeal Court's decision and has appointed a law firm to lodge an appeal with the Supreme Court. The case is currently being considered by the Supreme Court. However, as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank recorded provisions for liabilities of Baht 101.3 million and Baht 97.5 million, respectively.
- 40.2.2 A Supreme Court judgment made in 2006 found in favor of a homebuyer, as plaintiff, and ordered the Bank to pay Baht 0.7 million to the homebuyer. The Bank paid the homebuyer Baht 0.3 million, which is the amount after deducting the settlement already received by the homebuyer from the house seller in accordance with a rehabilitation plan. However, the homebuyer disagreed with the paid amount and on 21 January 2008 petitioned the First Instance Court to issue a writ of execution forcing the Bank to pay the balance. The Bank disagreed with the execution order of the First Instance Court and lodged an appeal with the Appeal Court, which on 21 July 2011 confirmed the judgment of the First Instance Court. On 2 September 2011, the Bank already paid Baht 0.4 million as per the First Instance Court's judgement so the case is considered final.

- 40.2.3 In November 2009, the Bank foreclosed one guarantor's assets, as per an order of the Court of First Instance, and the guarantor petitioned the Court of First Instance to order the Bank to release the assets. The Court of First Instance dismissed the petition at the execution stage, but the guarantor lodged an appeal. On 22 February 2011, this guarantor filed another case against the Bank with the Court of First Instance, seeking compensation of Baht 5 million for a tort. Later on 4 January 2012, this guarantor filed a petition to withdraw such lawsuit and the Court approved this and ordered the case be struck from the system on 9 January 2012. The Bank therefore recorded no provision for the claim as at 31 December 2011 and 2010.
- 40.2.4 In September 2010, the Bank and a real estate development company, which had transferred assets to the Bank to settle debt, were ordered by the Court of First Instance to jointly return house booking deposits amounting to Baht 1.7 million plus interest at 7.5 percent per annum to 3 homebuyers, who had lodged complaints via Office of the Consumer Protection Board. The Bank disagreed with the order and has lodged an appeal with the Appeal Court. However, as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank recorded provisions for liabilities of Baht 1.7 million.
- 40.2.5 As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, ACL Securities Company Limited (a former subsidiary of the Bank from which it has already divested) had contingent liabilities of Baht 75 million and Baht 75 million, respectively, as a result of a litigation claim made in a Labour Law case brought by a former executive, arising in the ordinary course of business of the subsidiary. The Chief Justice of the Central Labour Court ruled that this case did not fall under the jurisdiction of the Labor Court. Later, ACL Securities Company Limited's former executive appealed this ruling to the Chief Justice of the Central Labour Court, which dismissed the petition to appeal. The former executive appealed the Central Labor Court's order not to accept his appeal and ACL Securities Company Limited submitted an objection to the submission of appeal made by the former executive. Later, the former executive filed a request to withdraw the appeal and withdraw the appeal petition previously submitted to the Central Labour Court. On 4 October 2010, the Central Labour Court summoned the parties to hear the order of the Supreme Court, which permitted the withdrawal of the appeal. Hence, the case is considered final and no loss was incurred.

The plaintiff in the above cases also sued the Bank and ACL Securities Company Limited in a civil law case, claiming compensation of Baht 117 million for a breach of contract. The Court of the First Instance dismissed the case on 18 August 2011. Later on 17 October 2011, the plaintiff appealed the case. The case is currently being considered by the Appeal Court. The Bank's management opines there it is highly unlikely that the Bank and such company will have to pay the claimed amount. As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank therefore recorded no provision for the claim.

40.2.6 The Bank has contingent liabilities as a result of entering into a guarantee agreement with Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, for losses which may arise from margin loan agreements existing on the date of the sale of ACL Securities Company Limited's shares, and as a result of the litigation against that securities company by a former executive. This agreement terminated on 14 September 2010 and up to the date of the authorisation of these financial statements the Bank has still not receive notice of any claims as a result of such guarantee. Hence, as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Bank's management assessed that no loss would be incurred as a result of providing this guarantee and the Bank therefore recorded no provision in the accounts.

40.3 Commitments under agreement to transfer non-performing assets to TAMC

From 2001 to 2003, the Bank transferred its non-performing loans to TAMC as described in Note 9.3 to the financial statements, the Bank is still jointly liable for a share of profits or losses arising from TAMC's management of the non-performing assets. The gains or losses cannot be estimated with certainty at this stage. However, the Bank has estimated and recorded its share of losses that may arise from the management of all non-performing loans transferred at Baht 222 million, since the liquidation process of TAMC is not yet complete. As at 31 December 2011, such amount has been presented as a part of "Provision for other liabilities" while as at 31 December 2010, it was presented as "Allowance for impairment loss on held-to-maturity debt securities".

40.4 Operating lease commitments

The Bank and its subsidiary have entered into several lease agreements in respect of the lease of office building space and equipment. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 and 12 years. As at 31 December 2011, future minimum lease payments required under these noncancellable operating leases contracts were as follows.

		(Million Baht)
	Consolidated	Separate
	financial statements	financial statements
Payable within:		
Less than 1 year	85	70
1 to 5 years	74	64
More than 5 years	23	23

40.5 Other commitments

The Bank is obliged to make contributions to Deposit Protection Agency within one month after the periods ended 30 June and 31 December of every year, at a rate of 0.2 percent of the Bank's daily average deposit balance of each period.

41. Segment information

The Bank and its subsidiaries' business operations involve 2 principal segments: (1) banking business and (2) hire purchase/finance leases business. These operations are mainly carried on in Thailand. Below is financial information by segment of the Bank and its subsidiaries:

41.1 Financial position classified by business activity.

Financial position classified by business activity as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 can be summarised as follows:

									(Unit: M	/lillion Baht)
			Hire purcha	se/finance						
	Banking I	business	leases b	ousiness	Tot	tal	Eliminatio	n entries	Tot	tal
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Total assets	89,984	72,256	31,658	20,659	121,642	92,915	(30,853)	(19,543)	90,789	73,372
Interbank and money markets - net										
(assets)	9,681	4,503	62	67	9,743	4,570	(1)	(3)	9,742	4,567
Investments - net	15,016	13,243	-	-	15,016	13,243	(3,250)	(2,500)	11,766	10,743
Loans to customers and accrued										
interest receivables - net	62,653	50,439	31,432	20,402	94,085	70,841	(27,601)	(17,040)	66,484	53,801
Properties foreclosed – net	1,165	1,207	33	8	1,198	1,215	-	-	1,198	1,215
Deposits	20,833	27,020	-	-	20,833	27,020	(1)	(3)	20,832	27,017
Interbank and money market										
(liabilities)	1,492	1,289	27,594	17,536	29,086	18,825	(27,594)	(17,036)	1,492	1,789
Debts issued and borrowings	51,452	27,786	-	-	51,452	27,786	-	-	51,452	27,786
Commitments	51,005	51,711	-	-	51,005	51,711	-	-	51,005	51,711

41.2 Results of operations classified by business activity.

Results of operations classified by business activity for the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

									(Unit: M	illion Baht)
				For	the years end	ded 31 Decen	nber			
		Hire purchase/finance								
	Banking	business	leases b	ousiness	Тс	otal	Eliminatio	n entries	То	tal
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Interest income	3,539	2,412	1,963	1,065	5,502	3,477	(978)	(494)	4,524	2,983
Interest expenses	(1,784)	(864)	(1,003)	(521)	(2,787)	(1,385)	978	494	(1,809)	(891)
Net interest income	1,755	1,548	960	544	2,715	2,092	-	-	2,715	2,092
Net fees and service income	40	45	193	97	233	142	-	-	233	142
Gain on tradings and foreign exchange transactions	9	13	-	-	9	13	-	-	9	13
Gain on investments	7	28	-	-	7	28	-	-	7	28
Share of profit from investments in an associated company										
under equity method	20	32	-	-	20	32	-	-	20	32
Other operating income	508	275	64	36	572	311	-	-	572	311
Total operating income	2,339	1,941	1,217	677	3,556	2,618	-	-	3,556	2,618
Other operating expenses	(991)	(873)	(509)	(337)	(1,500)	(1,210)	-	-	(1,500)	(1,210)
Bad debt, doubtful accounts and impairment loss ⁽¹⁾	(543)	(443)	(406)	(181)	(949)	(624)	-	-	(949)	(624)
Profit before income tax	805	625	302	159	1,107	784	-	-	1,107	784
Income tax expense	(235)	(161)	(177)	(69)	(412)	(230)	-	-	(412)	(230)
Profit for the years	570	464	125	90	695	554	-	-	695	554

(1) Included loss on debt restructuring/reversal of loss on debt restructuring

Transfer prices between business segments are as set out in Note 39 to the financial statements.

42. Financial instruments

Financial instruments are any contracts which give rise to both a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity security of another enterprise.

42.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the party to a financial agreement fails to honour an obligation and consequently cause the Bank and its subsidiary to incur a financial loss. The Bank and its subsidiary have disclosed significant concentrations of credit risk in Note 13.4 to the financial statements. The maximum amount of credit risk exposure is the carrying amount of the financial assets less provision for losses as stated in the statements of financial position. The risk from off-balance sheet derivative financial instruments is presented in Note 40.1 to the financial statements.

In addition, the Bank manages credit risk by the following means, including through careful consideration of credit approval process, analysis of risk factors and the ability to service debts of borrowers and performing credit review to examine process, which examines and reviews the quality of the Bank's loan portfolio so as to prevent and provide a remedy for problem loans in the future.

42.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Bank manages interest rate risk by means of an appropriate structuring of holdings in assets and liabilities with different repricing dates, taking into account the direction of market interest rates, in order to generate a suitable yield while maintaining risk at acceptable levels.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, financial assets and liabilities classified by types of interest rate are as follows:

	(Unit: Million Baht)								
	Consolidated	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2011							
	Outsta	anding balances	of financial instrur	nents					
	Floating	Fixed							
Transactions	interest rate	interest rate	No interest	Total					
Financial assets									
Cash	-	-	290	290					
Interbank and money market items - net	33	9,370	339	9,742					
Derivative Assets	-	-	404	404					
Investments - net	1,785	9,481	499	11,765					
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	15,578	51,313	661	67,552					
Financial liabilities									
Deposits	2,676	18,095	61	20,832					
Interbank and money market items	5	1,480	7	1,492					
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	29	29					
Derivative liabilities	-	-	672	672					
Debts issued and borrowings	-	51,452	-	51,452					

	Outsta	Outstanding balances of financial instruments							
	Floating	Fixed							
Transactions	interest rate	interest rate	No interest	Total					
Financial assets									
Cash	-	-	273	273					
Interbank and money market items - net	91	4,207	269	4,567					
Derivative Assets	-	-	1,184	1,184					
Investments - net	812	9,482	449	10,743					
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	17,704	34,074	2,926	54,704					
Financial liabilities									
Deposits	5,321	21,635	61	27,017					
Interbank and money market items	2	1,281	506	1,789					
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	253	253					
Derivative liabilities	-	-	1,056	1,056					
Debts issued and borrowings	-	27,786	-	27,786					

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2010

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2011

	Outstanding balances of financial instruments							
	Floating	Fixed						
Transactions	interest rate	interest rate	No interest	Total				
Financial assets								
Cash	-	-	289	289				
Interbank and money market items - net	1	9,370	310	9,681				
Derivative Assets	-	-	404	404				
Investments - net	1,785	9,481	3,704	14,970				
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	20,464	42,878	1	63,343				
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	2,677	18,095	62	20,834				
Interbank and money market items	5	1,480	7	1,492				
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	29	29				
Derivative liabilities	-	-	672	672				
Debts issued and borrowings	-	51,452	-	51,452				

	Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2010								
	Outsta	Outstanding balances of financial instruments							
	Floating	Fixed							
Transactions	interest rate	interest rate	No interest	Total					
Financial assets									
Cash	-	-	272	272					
Interbank and money market items - net	41	4,207	255	4,503					
Derivative Assets	-	-	1,184	1,184					
Investments - net	812	9,482	2,914	13,208					
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	17,704	30,803	2,532	51,039					
Financial liabilities									
Deposits	5,324	21,635	61	27,020					
Interbank and money market items	2	781	506	1,289					
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	253	253					
Derivative liabilities	-	-	1,056	1,056					
Debts issued and borrowings	-	27,786	-	27,786					

In addition, the Bank entered into interest rate swap contracts as described in Note 42.5 to the financial statements.

The periods of time from the end of reporting period to the repricing or maturity dates (whichever dates are earlier) of financial instruments which have fixed interest rates are as follows:

						(Unit:	Million Baht)
		Consolidat	ed financial	statements	as at 31 De	cember 201	1
		Repric	ing or matur	ity date			Average
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		interest
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Total	rates
Financial assets							
Interbank and money market items - net	-	7,229	2,141	-	-	9,370	3.27%
Investments - net	-	1,880	2,076	4,254	1,271	9,481	3.99%
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	5,572	12,739	7,614	23,960	1,428	51,313	6.35%
Financial liabilities							
Deposits	2,918	10,526	4,347	304	-	18,095	3.11%
Interbank and money market items	456	1,024	-	-	-	1,480	3.04%
Debts issued and borrowings	1,896	39,110	10,101	345	-	51,452	3.46%

		Consolidat	ed financial	statements	as at 31 De	cember 201	0
		Repric	ing or matur	ity date			Average
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		interest
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Total	rates
Financial assets							
Interbank and money market items - net	-	4,207	-	-	-	4,207	1.88%
Investments - net	-	651	4,068	3,599	1,164	9,482	3.39%
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	28	12,781	5,912	14,792	561	34,074	6.82%
Financial liabilities							
Deposits	4,252	9,004	2,728	5,651	-	21,635	2.02%
Interbank and money market items	424	857	-	-	-	1,281	1.80%
Debts issued and borrowings	3,357	18,705	5,526	198	-	27,786	1.83%

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(Unit: Million Baht)

		Separate	e financial st	atements as	at 31 Dece	mber 2011	
		Repric	ing or matur	ity date			Average
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		interest
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Total	rates
Financial assets							
Interbank and money market items - net	-	7,229	2,141	-	-	9,370	3.27%
Investments - net	-	1,880	2,076	4,254	1,271	9,481	3.99%
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	5,572	11,804	6,585	18,282	635	42,878	4.88%
Financial liabilities							
Deposits	2,918	10,526	4,347	304	-	18,095	3.11%
Interbank and money market items	456	1,024	-	-	-	1,480	3.04%
Debts issued and borrowings	1,896	39,110	10,101	345	-	51,452	3.46%

						(Unit: I	Million Baht)				
		Separate	financial sta	atements as	at 31 Dece	mber 2010					
	Repricing or maturity date Average										
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		interest				
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Total	rates				
Financial assets											
Interbank and money market items - net	-	4,207	-	-	-	4,207	1.88%				
Investments - net	-	651	4,068	3,599	1,164	9,482	3.39%				
Loans to customers net of deferred revenues	3,592	12,032	3,701	11,478	-	30,803	4.82%				
Financial liabilities											
Deposits	4,252	9,004	2,728	5,651	-	21,635	2.02%				
Interbank and money market items	424	357	-	-	-	781	1.24%				
Debts issued and borrowings	3,357	18,705	5,526	198	-	27,786	1.83%				

In addition, the average balances of the financial assets or liabilities of the Bank generating revenues or incurring expenses, calculated based on the average balances outstanding during the years, and the average interest rates for the years ended 31 December 2011and 2010 can be summarised as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht) Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December 2011 For the year ended 31 December 2010 Average Average Average rate Average rate Balances Interest (% per annum) balances Interest (% per annum) Financial assets Interbank and money market items 8,534 191 2.23% 5,955 1.31% 78 Investments 9,002 438 4.87% 10,866 338 3.11% Loans to customers net of deferred 56,731 revenues 2.909 5.13% 46,181 1,997 4.32% **Financial liabilities** Deposits 532 2.30% 425 23,123 30.771 1.38% Interbank and money market items 1,997 47 2.37% 1,807 7 0.41% Debts issued and borrowings 39,370 1,114 2.83% 19,428 1.58% 306

42.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will be unable to liquidate its financial assets and/or procure sufficient funds to discharge its obligations in a timely manner, resulting in the Bank incurring a financial loss.

The Bank has established a liquidity management policy, to ensure that the Bank has sufficient liquidity to meet debt and other obligations when due in normal circumstances, and has the liquidity contingency plans in place to handle crisis situations, as well as to ensure that management of liquidity strikes an appropriate balance between costs and benefits. The liquidity management policy is approved by the Group Risk Management Committee, the Board of Executive Directors and the Board of Directors, respectively.

To manage the Bank's liquidity, the Treasury Division projects funding demand and identifies appropriate sources of funds consistent with the Bank's business and strategic plans. For the purpose of liquidity risk management, the Bank has set risk limits, required liquidity ratios, and liquidity control procedures, and the liquidity gap and liquidity management's performance are reported to the Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) on a monthly basis. Moreover, the Risk Management Division closely monitors risk to ensures it remains within the limits set, and reports to the Group Risk Management Committee on a regular basis.

Moreover, the Bank has also formulated the liquidity contingency plans to handle any potential liquidity problems. These plans designates working procedures and explicitly assign roles and responsibilities to the relevant parties.

The Asset and Liability Committee has the following roles and responsibilities.

- Review and verify the validity of the assumptions utilized by the Treasury Division in liquidity management
- 2. Formulate strategies relating to the regular and daily liquidity management
- 3. Ensure that liquidity management is efficient and appropriate policies and procedures for liquidity risk are established
- 4. Set interest rate policy
- 5. Ensure that the Bank has adequate information systems to measure, monitor, control and report liquidity risk
- 6. Approve the limits for mismatches in sources and uses of fund
- 7. Diversify sources of funds
- 8. Verify the liquidity contingency plan

Group liquidity management is decentralized, with the subsidiary, ICBC (Thai) Leasing Co., Ltd. independently managing its own cash inflows and outflows. ICBC (Thai) Leasing Co., Ltd, sources funds mainly from the Bank, which will provide liquidity support, with the amount of funds based on Limited of Authority via the Asset and Liability Committee. Nevertheless, the Bank performs regular controlling and monitoring of the liquidity risk of its subsidiary and the subsidiary's liquidity gap is reported to the Asset and Liability Committee on a monthly basis.

The major uses of funds by the Bank are lending to corporate customers and investment in investment grade securities, but the Bank also designates limits to diversify the use of funds, such as limits on individual industries and lending limits for each individual. The Bank's main sources of funds are public deposits and borrowings. The Bank has set guidelines to reduce deposit concentrations, such as limits of the amount deposited per customer and limits of the amount deposited per corporate customer and per state enterprise.

The Bank has employed a conservative liquidity management policy, whereby it holds appropriate amounts of liquid assets, which can be easily converted into cash if liquidity problems arise. The Bank also maintains liquidity ratios in accordance with its expected liquidity requirement levels, for which there are three defined levels, depending on the economic, political and money market conditions. Such ratios are closely monitored on a daily basis.

The Bank generates reports and sets limits in liquidity management as follows.

- Daily reports on the liquidity ratios used in determining the required amount of liquid assets, including liquid assets to total deposits ratio, liquid assets to top 20 large depositors ratio
- 2. Daily reports on amounts and types of liquid assets and their returns
- 3. Liquidity gap report, indicating expected cash inflows and outflows in different tenors, and cumulative net liquidity excess or shortfall, which reflects the period to maturity both on the basis of the contract and after behavioral adjustment. Liquidity gap reports are prepared on a monthly basis for normal circumstances and on a quarterly basis for crisis situations.
- 4. Monthly reports on liquidity ratios, to be used to provide indications of the Bank's liquidity and early warnings, including loan to deposit ratio, loan to asset ratio, investment to asset ratio, liquid asset to total asset ratio, liquid asset to short-term to 1-month deposit ratio, borrowing to total asset ratio, deposit to total asset ratio, proportion of large depositors to total deposits, maximum deposit withdrawal per day and rollover rate
- 5. Annual liquidity risk self assessment report
- 6. Monthly reports on any transactions or facilities exceeding approved limits
- 7. Monthly reports on the ratio of net liquidity deficit to deposits, the ratio of deposits from corporate customers and public enterprises and individual deposits.

The Bank also conducts stress tests on a quarterly basis and reviews the assumptions on a regular basis, to ensure they reflect current economic conditions, business strategies, and other relevant current and future factors. The stress test scenarios, based on the assumption of a severely adverse impact on the Bank, include a bankspecific crisis, a general market crisis and a combination of both scenarios. The liquidity risk stress tests are conducted on two tenors, namely, 0 - 7 days and 8 - 30 days, while the outcomes of the recent stress test showed that the Bank has liquidity surplus more than 30 days in all this three scenarios since the Bank had high liquid assets and the committed line received from other financial institutions. The periods to maturity, counting from the end of reporting period, of financial instruments outstanding as at 31 December 2011 and 2010, are as follows:

			P	6				Million Baht)
		C	ionsolidated i	financial stat	tements as a	at 31 December 2	2011 Non -	
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over		performing	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	5 years	Unspecified	assets	Total
Financial assets								
Interbank and money market items - net	372	7,229	2,141	-	-	-	-	9,742
Investments - net	-	1,880	2,122	5,993	1,271	499	-	11,765
Loans to customer net of deferred revenues	154	14,130	10,389	35,396	5,566	-	1,917	67,552
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	5,655	10,526	4,347	304	-	-	-	20,832
Interbank and money market items	468	1,024	-	-	-	-	-	1,492
Liabilities payable on demand	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Debt issued and borrowings	1,896	39,110	10,101	345	-	-	-	51,452
Off-balance sheet items								
Avals to bill	-	52	50	-	-	-	-	102
Letters of credit	15	197	-	-	-	-	-	212
Other contingencies	448	15,039	12,562	22,642	-	-	-	50,691

(Unit: Million Baht)

		Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2010										
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over		Non - performing					
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	5 years	Unspecified	assets	Total				
Financial assets												
Interbank and money market items - net	320	4,247	-	-	-	-	-	4,567				
Investments - net	7	651	4,834	3,645	1,164	442	-	10,743				
Loans to customer net of deferred revenues	225	13,487	10,285	24,385	3,403	-	2,919	54,704				
Financial liabilities												
Deposits	9,634	9,004	2,728	5,651	-	-	-	27,017				
Interbank and money market items	932	857	-	-	-	-	-	1,789				
Liabilities payable on demand	253	-	-	-	-	-	-	253				
Debts issued and borrowings	3,357	18,705	5,526	198	-	-	-	27,786				
Off-balance sheet items												
Avals to bill	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	24				
Letters of credit	-	1,515	18	-	-	-	-	1,533				
Other contingencies	312	12,977	25,705	10,858	301	-	-	50,153				

			Separate fin	ancial stater	ments as at 3	31 December 20	11	
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over		Non - performing	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	5 years	Unspecified	assets	Total
Financial assets								
Interbank and money market items - net	311	7,229	2,141	-	-	-	-	9,681
Investments - net	-	1,880	2,122	5,993	1,271	3,704	-	14,970
Loans to customer net of deferred revenues	5,040	13,195	9,361	29,718	4,772	-	1,257	63,343
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	5,657	10,526	4,347	304	-	-	-	20,834
Interbank and money market items	468	1,024	-	-	-	-	-	1,492
Liabilities payable on demand	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
Debts issued and borrowings	1,896	39,110	10,101	345	-	-	-	51,452
Off-balance sheet items								
Avals to bill	-	52	50	-	-	-	-	102
Letters of credit	15	197	-	-	-	-	-	212
Other contingencies	448	15,039	12,562	22,642	-	-	-	50,691

(Unit: Million Baht)

			Separate fin	ancial stater	ments as at 3	1 December 20	10	
							Non -	
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over		performing	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	5 years	Unspecified	assets	Total
Financial assets								
Interbank and money market items - net	256	4,247	-	-	-	-	-	4,503
Investments - net	7	651	4,834	3,645	1,164	2,907	-	13,208
Loans to customer net of deferred revenues	3,790	12,737	8,074	21,071	2,842	-	2,525	51,039
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	9,637	9,004	2,728	5,651	-	-	-	27,020
Interbank and money market items	932	357	-	-	-	-	-	1,289
Liabilities payable on demand	253	-	-	-	-	-	-	253
Debts issued and borrowings	3,357	18,705	5,526	198	-	-	-	27,786
Off-balance sheet items								
Avals to bill	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	24
Letters of credit	-	1,515	18	-	-	-	-	1,533
Other contingencies	312	12,977	25,705	10,858	301	-	-	50,153

42.4 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates may result in changes in the value of financial instruments, and fluctuations in revenues or the values of financial assets and liabilities.

Since the Bank has foreign exchange transactions, it may be exposed to foreign exchange risk. However, the Bank has a policy to hedge this foreign exchange exposure through management of its net foreign exchange position and operating in accordance with a risk management policy.

The Bank and its subsidiary's significant foreign currency position as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 can be summarised as follows:

			Consolidate	d and separate fi	nancial statement	s as at 31 Decem	ber 2011						
		Outstanding balances of financial instruments											
	US dollar	Euro	Yen	Pound	New Zealand dollar	Australian dollar	Hong Kong dollar	Singapore dollar	Renminbi				
	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)				
In-balance foreign currency position													
Interbank and money market items (assets)	244.73	16.38	0.27	0.27	1.43	1.14	2.29	0.03	3,324.34				
Investments - net	4,843.59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215.92				
Loans to customers and accrued interest													
receivables	1,531.04	28.05	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	148.43				
Deposits and accrued interest payables	130.37	14.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.44				
Off-balance foreign currency position													
Letters of credit	186.98	11.50	8.39	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Forward contracts - Bought	8,184.24	80.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	154.00				
Forward contracts - Sold	13,790.75	108.84	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	-				
Cross currency swap contracts													
Bought contracts	161.55		-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Cross currency and interest rate swap contract	cts												
Sold contracts	728.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other contingencies	946.44	0.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.66				
Average exchange rate as at 31 December	r 2011												
(Baht per 1 foreign currency unit)	31.6912	41.0274	0.4084	48.8578	24.4950	32.1971	4.0795	24.3854	5.0328				

		Consolidated and separate financial statements as at 31 December 2010										
				Outstanding ba	lances of financial	instruments						
				Pound	New Zealand	Australian	Hong Kong	Singapore				
	US dollar	Euro	Yen	sterling	dollar	dollar	dollar	dollar	Renminbi			
	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)			
In-balance foreign currency position												
Interbank and money market items (assets)	131.38	2.32	0.19	0.61	1.31	1.54	1.17	0.01	4.95			
Investments - net	2,681.62	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Loans to customers and accrued interest												
receivables	59.04	12.31	-			-			-			
Deposits and accrued interest payables	52.90	-	-	-		0.16	-	-	3.17			
Borrowings and accrued interest payables	301.96	-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Off-balance foreign currency position												
Letters of credit	1,490.40	22.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Forward contracts - Bought	17,747.18	39.94	0.58	-	-	0.16	-	-	30.30			
Forward contracts - Sold	19,123.58	13.24	8.36	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Cross currency and interest rate swap contract	cts											
Sold contracts	693.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other contingencies	305.53	3.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Average exchange rate as at 31 December	r 2010											
(Baht per 1 foreign currency unit)	30.1513	39.9394	0.3705	46.7968	23.1723	30.7226	3.8742	23.3264	4.5582			

42.5 Financial derivatives

The Bank engages in financial derivatives activities as required in the normal course of business of the Bank to meet its clients' needs and to manage the risks of the Bank arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

The Bank has a policy to mitigate risk associated with financial derivatives by stipulating policies and limits that require risk reporting and control procedures for the various types of risk, as a control over financial derivative activities. The Bank manages the credit risk associated with financial derivatives on the basis of the credit limits granted to customers in general. The same credit approval process that is used when granting loans to a customer is adopted for financial derivative customers, so that the Bank is able to maintain risk at acceptable levels.

The Bank has entered into interest rate swap contracts in order to manage risk associated with loans and investments, as follows:

		Conso	lidated and separate	financial sta	itements		
_	:	31 December 20	11	31 December 2010			
_	Notional amount		Maturity	Notional amount		Maturity	
Interest rate swap contracts							
- swap the fixed interest rates for							
the floating interest	21,550	Million Baht	2012 – 2015	9,780	Million Baht	2011 - 2013	
- swap the floating interest rates for							
the fixed interest rates	1,500	Million Baht	2012 - 2014	1,600	Million Baht	2011 - 2012	

The Bank has entered into cross currency interest rate swap contracts in order to manage the risk associated with investments in foreign debt securities, as follows:

	Consolidated and separate financial statements											
	3	31 December 20	11	3	10							
	Notiona	I amount	Maturity	Notiona	l amount	Maturity						
Cross currency interest rate swap												
contracts												
- Receive interest at a floating rate												
on Baht notional amounts and to												
pay interest at a fixed rate on												
USD notional amounts	8	Million USD	2012	8	Million USD	2012						
- Receive interest at a fixed rate on												
Baht notional amounts and to												
pay interest at a fixed rate on												
USD notional amounts	15	Million USD	2012 - 2016	15	Million USD	2012 - 2016						
- Receive interest at a fixed rate on												
USD notional amounts and to												
pay interest at a fixed rate on												
CNY notional amounts	33	Million CNY	2012	-	-	-						

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Bank unwinded cross currency interest rate swap contracts with notional amounts totaling USD 20 million prior to the maturity date. Such contracts were recorded as assets having the book value on the unwinding date of Baht 27 million and the Bank paid Baht 4 million to unwind those contracts cancellation. As a result, the Bank incurred losses on the unwinding of these contracts amounting to Baht 31 million, which was already recognised by the Bank as expense for the year ended 31 December 2010.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, financial derivatives, classified by their maturities, are as follows:

Consolidated and separate financial statements 31 December 2011 31 December 2010 Not over Over 1 Not over Over 1 Total 1 year 1 year Total year year Forward exchange contracts - Bought 7,151 1,268 8,419 16,609 1,209 17,818 - Sold 12,442 1,458 13,900 17,939 1,206 19,145 4,950 18,100 23,050 3,430 7,950 11,380 Interest rate swap contracts Cross currency swap contracts 162 162 - Bought Cross currency interest rate swap contracts - Sold 412 317 729 693 693

42.6 Fair value

Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The Bank has estimated the fair value of their financial instruments as follows:

(a) Financial assets

The methodology used for determining the fair value is dependent upon the characteristics of the financial instruments. The fair values of financial assets are presented as the amount stated in the statements of financial position, including cash, interbank and money market items and loans to customers, which are considered to approximate their respective carrying values since they are predominantly subject to market interest rates. Financial instruments that have standard terms and conditions and which are traded on an active and liquid market, such as investments in securities, fair values are determined from the quoted market price.

(Unit: Million Baht)

(b) Financial liabilities

The fair values of financial liabilities, including deposits, liabilities payable on demand, interbank and money market items and debt issued and borrowings are considered to approximate their respective carrying values for the same reasons as described above.

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the fair value of financial instruments of the Bank and its subsidiary are as follow.

			(Uni	t: Million Baht)
	C	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	;
	31 Decem	ber 2011	31 Decem	ber 2010
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Financial assets				
Cash	290	290	273	273
Interbank and money market items - net	9,742	9,742	4,567	4,567
Derivative assets	404	248	1,184	1,246
Investments - net	11,765	11,699	10,743	10,749
Loans to customers - net	66,484	66,484	53,801	53,801
Total	88,685	88,463	70,568	70,636
Financial liabilities				
Deposits	20,832	20,832	27,017	27,017
Interbank and money market items	1,492	1,492	1,789	1,789
Liabilities payable on demand	29	29	253	253
Derivative liabilities	672	449	1,056	1,091
Debt issued and borrowings	51,452	51,452	27,786	27,786
Total	74,477	74,254	57,901	57,936

	Separate financial statements			
	31 December 2011		31 Decem	ber 2010
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
Financial assets				
Cash	289	289	272	272
Interbank and money market items - net	9,681	9,681	4,503	4,503
Derivative assets	404	248	1,184	1,246
Investments - net	14,970	14,904	13,208	13,214
Loans to customers - net	62,653	62,653	50,439	50,439
Total	87,997	87,775	69,606	69,674
Financial liabilities				
Deposits	20,834	20,834	27,020	27,020
Interbank and money market items	1,492	1,492	1,289	1,289
Liabilities payable on demand	29	29	253	253
Derivative liabilities	672	449	1,056	1,091
Debt issued and borrowings	51,452	51,452	27,786	27,786
Total	74,479	74,256	57,404	57,439

43. Reclassification

Certain items in the financial statements as at 31 December 2010 and for the year ended 31 December 2010 have been reclassified to conform to the current period's classification, in accordance with the Bank of Thailand's notification No. Sor Nor Sor. 11/2553 regarding "Preparation and Announcement of Financial Statements of Commercial Banks and Parent Companies of Financial Holding Groups", date 3 December 2010 which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2011, but no effect to previously reported profit for the year or shareholders' equity. The reclassifications are as follow:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 December 2010			
	Consolidated fin	ancial statement	Separate finar	ncial statement
		As previously		As previously
-	As reclassified	reported	As reclassified	reported
Statements of financial position	I			
Accrued interest and dividend				
income receivables - net	-	71,087	-	71,087
Accrued income - net	78,244	-	71,087	-
Other receivables - net	465,045	472,528	333,223	333,223
Other assets	44,999	44,673	40,353	40,353
Deposits	27,017,194	27,017,442	27,019,899	27,020,147
Interbank and money market				
items (liabilities)	1,788,852	2,043,852	1,288,852	1,543,852
Debts issued and borrowings	27,786,141	27,530,893	27,786,141	27,530,893

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	For the year ended 31 December 2010				
	Consolidated financial statement		Separate financial statement		
		As previously		As previously	
	As reclassified	reported	As reclassified	reported	
Statements of comprehensive i	ncome				
Interest income	2,983,187	-	2,412,857	-	
Interest and dividend income	-	3,123,730	-	2,554,981	
Interest expenses	890,841	889,641	865,191	861,132	
Contributions to the Deposit					
Projection Agency	-	126,143	-	126,143	
Fees and service income	145,082	152,323	45,443	52,684	
Fees and service expenses	2,860	-	-	-	
Gains on foreign currency					
trading and exchange					
transactions	13,339	7,283	13,339	7,283	
Gains on investments	27,743	33,799	27,743	33,799	
Other operating income	58,701	33,000	44,172	16,890	
Premises and equipment					
expenses	143,153	190,313	116,935	161,514	
Amortisation expense on					
intangible assets	47,160	-	44,578	-	
Reversal of losses on					
impairment of properties					
foreclosed and other assets	(1,243)	(11,917)	(26,261)	(26,261)	
Bad debt, doubtful accounts and					
impairment loss	624,433	-	443,186	-	
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	-	602,872	-	410,951	
Loss on debt restrucing	-	32,235	-	32,235	

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44. Events after reporting period

44.1 Capital increase of a subsidiary

On 21 December 2011, the subsidiary's Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 3/2011 approved the increase of its share capital by 100 million ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 10 each. Following the registration of the capital increase, the subsidiary's registered share capital stands at Baht 5 billion, comprising 500 million ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 10 each. In addition, the meeting approved a call for partial payment of the additional shares from the Bank, totaling Baht 250 million. The Bank made payment on 14 February 2012.

44.2 Capital increase of an associate

On 30 January 2012, Board of Directors' meeting No. 1/2012 of Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited resolved to offer the remaining 35,751,715 shares unissued to the existing shareholders proportionately to their shareholding, at a ratio of 1 new share for every 11.662022 existing shares for Baht 1.60 per share. Later at the Bank's Board of Executive Directors' Meeting No. 5/2012 held on 2 February 2012, it is resolved to approve the Bank to exercise its rights to subscribe to the new shares of such company in a quantity that will not cause the Bank to hold more than 24.9 percent of the total shares in issue, in accordance with the waiver granted by the Bank of Thailand. The Bank paid for the purchase of 8,721,347 newly issued ordinary shares of such Company for a total of Baht 14 million, on 24 February 2012. Following the purchase of the additional shares of this company, the Bank holds 110,065,325 shares in Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, or equivalent to 24.39% of the issued and paid-up share capital of such company.

44.3 Debt issuance

On 9 February 2012, the meeting No. 5/2012 of the Board of Executive Directors of the Bank resolved to approve the issuance of 1,000,000 units of senior unsecured debentures with a face value of Baht 1,000 each. The debentures carry interest at fixed rate of 3.78% per annum, payable semi-annually. The debentures shall be issued to specific investors under private placement with the first 630,000 units with a face value of Baht 1,000 each, due on 25 November 2013, being issued on 9 March 2012.

Moreover on 15 March 2012, the meeting No.11/2012 of the Board of Executive Directors of the Bank resolved to approve the issuance of senior unsecured debentures in an amount up to Baht 600 million. The debentures carry interest at fixed rate of 3.78% per annum, payable semi-annually, for the tenor of 1 year and 10 months. The debentures shall be issued to specific investors under private placement within March 2012.

45. Approval of financial statements

These interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Bank on 16 March 2012.